4107

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

4107.

ESTABLISHED 1833. FRIDAY, JAN. 27, 1893. PRICE TWO CENTS.

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GEO. C. STALEY,
In his Successful Comedy-Drama,
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SEE THE GREAT
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The Greatest Railroad Scene Ever Produced in this City.
A Superb Company of Players! Picturesque Costumes! New and Catchy Songs!
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All Our Own Make.

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Cor. Columbia and Clinton Sts.

## BLAINE IS DEAD!

### These Words Will Carry Sorrow to Every Heart.

### His Brilliant Attainments Were Recognized Everywhere,

### And All Nations Will Mourn His Departure.

### Graphic Description of the Death Scene and The Way the News is Received.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—James G. Blaine is dead.

It is officially stated that his death occurred at 11 o'clock this morning. It caused but little surprise, as the news of it had been so long discounted that there remained but the line of announcement at the head of this dispatch. It was a foregone conclusion that his battle with death would be the final effort of his life. Though the facts as to his illness have from the first been studiously concealed through the official channels of communication, he was a very sick man when he returned to Washington to settle down for the winter; death and its bereavements added more and more to his ailments. He has grown worse and has continued on his

#### JOURNEY TO THE GRAVE

as fast as the days would carry him. Science and skill have furnished him the weapons of defense for a comparatively long time, but his death has furnished the end of the fight. He was a doomed man from the start, and to all intents he has been a dead man for these many days past.

His mind has been almost a blank for weeks, his lucid moments having been but few and at times far between; but his physical frame has withstood the ravages of wasting disease until now.

Dating from the cradle to the tomb Mr. Blaine's sixty-three years have been active ones. All the trials and tribulations that fall to the lot of a public man have been his, and have earned for him the peaceful ending of a career which closed when life's candle made its last flicker today.

Mr. Blaine, on his deathbed, was surrounded, just as he has been almost incessantly for weeks, by those who were nearest and dearest to him. In fact it was only his family and those very closely associated with them that have been permitted to see or even hear from him during the last days of his life.

Trained journalists, calling into requisition every honest means at their command, and resorting to every possible means within the line of legitimate journalism have kept a most watchful eye on every movement without, and as far as possible within, the now famous "Red house" where the distinguished statesman breathed his last.

Naturally enough, there has been a disposition, both on the part of the family and the attending physicians, to either conceal or distort in some way the real conditions existing in the Blaine mansion; but, from time to time accurate information as to Mr. Blaine's condition has been obtained and faithfully reported. It is quite safe to say that there are few, if, indeed, any journalistic experiences which could furnish a more thorough example of watching and waiting than has the case of Mr. Blaine. Every element of discomfort—rain, snow, sleet and frost—has been a factor in the line of duty of the reporters who have noted the scenes and incidents at the Blaine residence for weeks past.

#### "HE IS DEAD."

Dr. Johnston was summoned to the bedside of Mr. Blaine early this morning, but his presence was not known to those outside until about 11:10 when in company with Dr. Hyatt, he left the house. Both physicians were unusually pale and when accosted by the reporter for the latest news the significant look in their faces answered the question.

"He is dead," said Dr. Johnston, "and he passed away peacefully."

The doctors did not give the exact time of death, but it was observed that about 10:45 the windows in the room of the sick chamber were slightly raised.

#### THE STORY OF THE NIGHT.

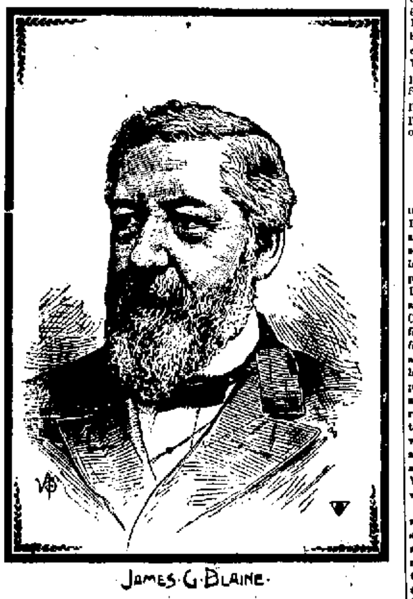
Mr. Blaine passed a restless night and this morning was languid and weak, but nothing serious was noted until shortly before 9 o'clock, when a change for the worse occurred. Both physicians were hastily summoned and remained at the bedside until death. Mr. Blaine was conscious until a few moments before death and the end was so quiet and peaceful that only the experienced eye of the physician could perceive that the great statesman had joined the majority.

#### THE DOCTOR'S STATEMENT.

Dr. Hyatt said that Mr. Blaine's death was due to sheer exhaustion. He was unwilling to make a statement regarding the exact disease of Mr. Blaine until he had recieved the consent of the family. He will then make a statement to the public. This will probably be prepared after a meeting of the doctors at 1 o'clock.

All the immediate members of the family and Miss Dodge were at the bedside when the end came.

To a reporter Dr. Johnson said: "I was called this morning to the Blaine residence about 9:30 o'clock and found Mr. Blaine in a very exhausted condition. He had grown weaker during the early morning hours; and about 8:30 o'clock the nurse observed that his breathing was more difficult and his pulse more feeble than it had been. Dr. Hyatt was also sent for and arrived there about 10 o'clock. After my arrival Mr. Blaine continued to grow weaker very rapidly; his pulse becoming more feeble. He died at 11 o'clock. He was perfectly conscious up to within a few moments of his death and recognized all those around him. He died without suffering."



JAMES G. BLAINE.

In answer to the direct question "Did Mr. Blaine die of Bright's disease?" Dr. Johnston said: "While there has been during the last several months evidences of chronic disease of the kidneys being a form of what is commonly known as Bright's disease, yet this was not the sole cause of death. There were other consecutive complications which tended to exhaust him and to hasten the end. The lapses which he has had from time to time were due to heart exhaustion, that is, feebleness and irregularity of the action of the heart accompanied by difficult breathing. During yesterday nothing of importance occurred, Mr. Blaine simply lay there in a feeble condition, taking but very little nourishment. Indeed he has taken but very little nourishment since his serious attack of December 18th and this has consisted almost wholly of milk. He simply faded away."

#### THE PRESIDENT NOTIFIED.

The president received warning of Mr. Blaine's approaching end through a press bulletin, which informed him that Mr. Blaine could not live through the day. He immediately had the substance of the dispatch telegraphed over the departmental wires of the various cabinet officers. It was a few minutes later only that Mr. Montgomery, the operator at the white house, received another message addressed to the president.

"Blaine is—" was all he waited to hear, and he started on a run for the room of Private Secretary Halford. The final word, "dead," reached him as he was in the hallway separating the telegraph room from Mr. Halford's office. The cabinet was immediately notified and came to the cabinet meeting at the usual hour, fully prepared. Secretary John W. Foster, Mr. Blaine's successor to the portfolio, of state was at his residence in conference with Mr. Partridge, the solicitor of the state department, preparatory to starting at noon for Watertown, N. Y., where he and Mrs. Foster had planned to spend a week, when the news of the ex-secretary's death was received at the department. Chief Clerk Chilton immediately telephoned Mr. Foster, who summoned his carriage and went to the Blaine residence to tender his condolences. He postponed his trip and issued an order closing the department of state today.

#### PRESIDENT HARRISON GOES TO THE BLAINE MANSION.

The news of Blaine's death spread like wildfire. Crowds gathered on the corners and visitors flocked to the house. Dr. Hamlin, who was passing the house when the announcement of death was made, at once entered and remained with the family for some time. Word was sent to the president immediately after the death.

At 11:25 President Harrison, accompanied by Private Secretary Halford and Lieutenant Parker, walked over to the Blaine mansion. The president showed marked signs of grief. Postmaster General Wanamaker followed the footsteps of the president.

They were met at the door by Mr. James G. Blaine, jr., who had been interrupted by the call while engaged in writing a note to the president informing him of his father's death. The president remained but a few minutes. He left a message of sympathy for Mrs. Blaine, saying that he could sincerely and thoroughly appreciate the great loss which she had sustained. In answer to questions Mr. Blaine, jr., said to the president that his father's death had after all occurred quite unexpectedly. When the change in his condition was noted by the attendants the end came very quickly.

"I was preparing to go to the office," said Mr. Blaine, "father having passed a very quiet and comfortable night, with apparently no change in his condition. Mother, observing that the nurse was not in the room at the time, suggested that I had better remain until she returned. I did so, and when the nurse came back the symptoms had changed so decidedly within the past few minutes that messengers were at once dispatched for the physicians. Father was conscious most of the time in the early part of the day, was able to speak occasionally to us and, near the close I think he recognized the several members of the family."

President Harrison said the news of Mr. Blaine's death had made a very profound impression upon him. While recognizing the fact from the statements of physicians and members of the family that the ultimate recovery in Mr. Blaine's case was improbable, he was still wholly unprepared for it at this time and the announcement had been a great shock to him. He felt unable under the circumstances to enter upon the consideration of any public business with the members of his cabinet, of whom most had been associated with Mr. Blaine in the official family relations and therefore after the expression of regret and sorrow at the loss sustained by themselves and the country in Mr. Blaine's death, the meeting of the cabinet was adjourned.

#### FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

At 1:30 p. m. it was stated by friends of the family that the funeral arrangements had been so far determined upon that the services would be held Monday forenoon and the remains would be at least temporarily interred here in Washington City.

Whether the funeral would be public or private or whether the final resting place will be here or at another chosen spot in Maine or elsewhere, is not at this hour definitely settled.

#### THE SENATE AND HOUSE ADJOURN.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The senate has adjourned as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Blaine.

Mr. Hale made the announcement, and Mr. Cockerill, (democrat, Missouri,) made the motion to adjourn.

The house has adjourned as a mark of respect to the memory of the late James G. Blaine.

#### AT THE CAPITOL.

The news of Mr. Blaine's death was made known at the capitol in a very short time after his demise and spread rapidly. Senator Frye, the successor of Mr. Blaine in the senate, was presiding over a session of the commerce committee when the sad intelligence was brought to him. The senator announced the death of Mr. Blaine to the members of the committee and the business before it was suspended.

#### THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

The president has issued the following proclamation:

"EXECUTIVE MANSION,
"WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 27, 1893.

"It is my painful duty to announce to the people of the United States the death of James Gillespie Blaine, which occurred in this city today at 11 o'clock. For a full generation this eminent citizen has occupied a conspicuous and influential position in the nation. His first public service was in the legislature of his state. Afterwards for fourteen years he was a member of the national house of representatives and was three times chosen its speaker. In 1876 he was elected to the senate. He resigned his seat in that body in 1881 to accept the position of secretary of state in the cabinet of President Garfield. After the tragic death of his chief, he resigned from the cabinet, and devoting himself to literary work, gave to the public his "Twenty Years in Congress" a most valuable and enduring contribution to our political literature. In March, 1889, he again became secretary of state, and continued to exercise this office until June, 1892. His devotion to the public interests, his marked ability and his exalted patriotism have won for him the gratitude and affection of his countrymen and the admiration of the world. In the varied pursuits of legislation, diplomacy and literature his genius has added new lustre to American citizenship. As a suitable expression of the national appreciation of great public services and of the general sorrow caused by his death, I direct that on the day of his funeral all the departments of the executive branch of the government at Washington be closed and that on all public buildings throughout the United States the national flags shall be displayed at half staff, and that for a peroid of thirty days the department of state be draped in mourning.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

JOHN W. FOSTER, Secretary of State."

#### His Brilliant Career.

James Gillespie Blaine was born January 31, 1830, at the village of West Brownsville, Pa. His ancestors were among the hardy band of pioneers who settled the rich valley of the Cumberland, and their name and history are part of the local tradition of Western Pennsylvania. The family has honorable memories of the revolution, for Colonel Ephraim Blaine, his grandfather, was one of the heroes. His father gave him an excellent education and when James had completed at home his early studies in the elementary principles, he was sent to the home of a relative at Lancaster, Ohio. This relative was Thomas Ewing, then secretary of the treasury. Young Blaine was then eleven years old and he began at once to prepare himself for college and when he was thirteen he entered Washington college, where he afterwards graduated.

A few months after he graduated he was offered and accepted a professorship in the Western Military institute at Blue Lick Springs, Ky. Here he met Miss Harriet Stanford, who was attending a ladies' seminary in Kentucky and within a year he was married to her. He then went to Pennsylvania and studied law for a time, but soon gave it up and became a teacher in a school for the blind located at Philadelphia. He did not remain long at this work, for during the same year, 1854, he resigned his position and removed to Augusta, Maine, the birthplace of his wife, and soon after, at the age of twenty-three, took editorial charge of the Kennebec Journal. The Journal was a weekly and an organ of the whig party, and under Mr. Blaine's management did vigorous service for that expiring cause. In 1857, just after the first convention of the republican party, he disposed of his interest in the Journal and assumed editorial charge of the Portland, Maine, Advertiser.

Almost from the day of his assuming editorial charge of the Kennebec Journal, Mr. Blaine sprang into a position of great influence in the politics and policy of Maine. At twenty-five he was a leading power in the councils of the republican party, so recognized by Fessenden, Hamlin and the two Morrills, and others then and still prominent in the state. Before he was twenty-nine he was chosen chairman of the executive committee of the republican organization in Maine—a position he held for years, enabling him to control and practically shape politics in Maine.

In 1860 he was elected from his district to congress. An attempt to pursue his course step by step during the long term of his service in congress would be wearisome. He spoke upon every important measure, and briefly discussed many petty laws about which none but sedulous readers of the Congressional Record will ever be perfectly informed. Mr. Blaine had served six years in congress and was still a young man, having only reached the age of thirty-nine, when he was chosen speaker of the house by a highly complimentary vote, the ballot standing 57 for Mr. Michael C. Kerr, of Indiana, and 135 for Mr. Blaine. Lot M. Morrill, for many years Senator from Maine, resigned in June, 1876, to accept the portfolio of the treasury, and the governor of Maine immediately appointed Mr. Blaine to fill the unexpired term, at the close of which he was returned to the senate by the legislature of Maine.

In 1876 he was a candidate for the nomination for president at the republican convention which met at Cincinnati in June of that year. Col. Robert G. Ingersoll presented his name and gave to him the title of Plumed Knight, which clung to him thereafter. When Governor Hayes was nominated on the seventh ballot the friends and supporters of Mr. Blaine accepted their defeat with good grace.

Mr. Blaine entered the next convention, held at Chicago, June 2, 1880, with almost exactly the same number of supporters that had striven for him in the preceding contest. The wearisome balloting that followed is familiar to every reader, and it will be recalled that Mr. Blaine's friends stood steadfastly by their leader until the thirty-fifth ballot was reached, when they went over to General Garfield, effecting his nomination on the thirty sixth ballot.

When General Garfield took the presidential chair, on March 4, 1881, he appointed Mr. Blaine secretary of state. After the death of Garfield he resigned the office, retiring on December 19th, of the same year.

When he laid down the portfolio of the secretary of state, some curiosity was felt as to what he would do. For over twenty-three years he had been in public life, and it was thought for a time at least, vacancy and idleness must overtake him. But he welcomed this period of leisure as an opportunity for carrying out a plan long cherished in a mild way. Continuing to live at Washington, he began at once the composition of a work which he had called "Twenty Years in Congress." He devoted himself assiduously to writing, and was able after little more than two years' labor, to present to the public a thick volume as an earnest of his intention.

From 1884 to '88, during the time of President Cleveland's administration, he devoted himself entirely to his family. He spent a year in an extended tour abroad, not returning to America until after the nomination of Mr. Harrison, who, upon his election and assuming of the presidential chair, appointed Mr. Blaine his secretary of state. He took up the work of the state department where he had laid it down in answer to the bullet of Guiteau, and mapped out a policy that was intended to make the administration a conspicuous success. His achievements in that direction need no mention here, being too fresh in the minds of all.

In the brief period of less than four years that he was President Harrison's secretary of state, troubles came to him and whitened his head and enfeebled his frame. In that brief interval his eldest son, the pride of his heart, and his eldest daughter had died; his youngest son, whom he had perhaps spoiled by overindulgence, had dragged his name through the divorce court and public prints. Then, more crushing than all, the sudden death of his second son, the one of whom the father was very proud. In the opinion of Mr. Blaine's physicians no man, even with the frame of a giant and the will of a Napoleon, could resist disease while living in the shadow of such a chain of sorrow as this, and finding his health failing, he resigned his office in the early part of last year.

## ANOTHER NEW CHURCH

### Will Be Built on West Jefferson Street.

### The Christ's Evangelical English Lutheran Congregation to Erect a New Edifice in This City.

The new English Lutheran congregation recently organized in this city by Rev. J. S Nelson and known as Christ's Evangelical Lutheran church of the general synod of the United States, have purchased from Frederick J. Pieper the lot at the southeast corner of Jefferson and Webster streets, for the sum of $5,000 and will in the near future build a church edifice upon it for their occupancy, adding another church to the several that are already on Jefferson street.

Rev. Nelson came to this city under the indorsement of the general boards of home mission and church extension of the church, and the new congregation is the result of his labors. It does not belong to the synods of any of the other Lutheran churches of the city. The services are conducted in English and the church affiliates and has Christian followship with all the other religious denominations.

The site which they have purchased is centrally located and is one of the best in the city. It cannot now be stated when the new edifice will be built, but when it is done it will be according to modern architectural designs.

The congregation which Rev. Nelson represents belongs to the general synod of the United States, which first came into existence in the year 1820, and is one of the largest and most prosperous denominations of Lutherans in this country. One of their national synodical meetings was held in this city in 1866. At this meeting some differences of opinion on various questions led to a secession of members and what is known as the general council was organized. The year following, in 1867, these seceding members changed their ecclesiastical relations from the general synod to the general council, forming what is now the English Lutheran church at the corner of Clinton and Wayne. It is under the general council and Rev. Wagenhals is its pastor.

From that time the general synod of the United States had no congregation here until, in October last, Rev. Nelson came here as a missionary to organize one. He held meetings at the rooms of the city Y. M. C. A. and on November 13 the new church was organized. It now has some seventy members and the services will be held at the city Y. M. C. A. rooms until their new church edifice is built. The board of trustees of the church are: Elders—J. H. Kiel, and J. P. Merrilat; deacons—Chas. A. Singrey and Geo W. Path.

Rev. Nelson formerly resided at Spencerville. He is a graduate of the Wittenberg college located at Springfield, Ohio, and is a minister of force and ability possessing rare talents as a church organizer and worker. With his family he resides at 289 West Creighton avenue. He is a pleasant gentleman and has made friends since he came to the city.

O. J. Edwards, manager of the Electric Light company, of Decatur, is in the city, a guest of the Randall.

## MYSTERIOUS ACCIDENT.

### A Millionaire Killed by a Fall Down a Stairway.

### His Daughter-in-Law Suspicioned of Pushing the Old Man Down to His Death.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 27.—The tragic death of John A. Davis, a Montana millionaire, at the Driard hotel Tuesday is the topic of general discussion today, the opinion being that the coroner's inquest was little better than a make-believe, and that witnesses who alone could give material evidence were kept carefully out of the way. In fact, some went so far as to assert that a golden padlock had been affectual in sealing the mouths of the attaches of the house, whose evidence might have been unpleasant reading for the wealthy guests. It was said Davis had been drinking heavily since his arrival, and one of the clerks of the house only a few hours after the inquest commented on the peculiarity of Davis' habits—that he left the house at 12 or 1 o'clock each morning and returned before breakfast, generally the worse for liquor. A story was current Tuesday night that Davis came home in this condition that morning and was assisted up stairs by two house employes, and that this was nothing new. Mrs. Davis, his daughter-in-law, reproached him in severe terms. The sound of voices in angry conversation was heard in the hall, leading from which are the fatal stairs and upon which the apartments of Davis and party were. Mrs. Davis and her father-in-law were seen in the hallway and the former turned as though to return to the room. The statement is made, though not yet proved, that the millionaire attempted to follow and was ferociously pushed back to fall downward to death. The injury sustained shows the fall to have been a long one, and the supposition is that in the descent the body first struck the banisters below, rebounding to the floor. This would explain the fracture of the ribs of the side, the breaking of the arm and the fractured skull.

## HE WAS GUILTY.

### Forged a Check for $80,000 and is Caught at It.

### When Confronted With the Charge the Forger Confesses and Begs for Leniency.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—It has been learned that the bookkeeper of the Royal Insurance company, arrested yesterday in connection with the $80,000 forged check, on which it was endeavored to raise a loan in Albany yesterday morning, confessed in the presence of Manager Bidwell and a detective in the former's private office, on being informed that his young friend had been caught in Albany trying to pass the check. He was absolutely nerveless, and promptly confessed that he had forged the check and had given it to his friend to get it certified and deposit it so that the cash could be obtained on it, that during the temporary absence of the cashier he had torn a page out of the back part of the check book and had deliberately forged the names of the four officers of the company. Mr. Bidwell had previously noted that a page had been torn out of the check book. There are four checks to the page and the bookkeeper was asked what had become of the three other blank checks. He insisted that he had destroyed them and that the eighty thousand dollar check was his only attempt at forgery. He said that he was very sorry for what he had done and begged to be allowed to resign and go away. He was, however, turned over to the police authorities. The police are looking for his young friend, who they think may have returned to the city. They are very reticent concerning the identity of the culprits.

## WILL BE REBUILT.

### The Metropolitan Opera House in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Definite action has finally been taken to restore the Metropolitan opera house, which was partially destroyed by fire last fall and has since remained idle of the uses for which it was built. The house will be sold at auction on February 14 and in the meantime a new company is in process of organization with a capital of $1,000,000. Among the subscribers so far obtained are Cornelius Vanderbilt, W. K. Vanderbilt, John Jacob Astor, W. S. Webb, H. McK. Twombly, J. Pierpont Morgan, Robert Geola, Ogden Geola and Mrs. Mary Warren. The agreement of the subscriptions is that the house shall be rented with the stipulation that fifty performances of grand opera shall be given during the winter season. The indebtedness of the old company is $1,459,500 and it is estimated that the repairs will cost from $160,000 to $250,000. The stockholders will meet on January 30.

## PUBLICLY THRASHED.

### Queer Justice Meted Out to a Truant Husband.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Jan. 27.—Frank Leclear commenced suit for $10,000 damages yesterday against President L. H. Withry, of the Michigan Trust company and Deputy Sheriffs Cowans and Powers, for the public thrashing administered by the officers Wednesday while acting under the instructions of the Trust company, for planing an elopement with Mrs. Averill, the company's ward. Leclear's wife and two children have gone to his parent's home and the family have endeavored to put a stop to the scandal, but Leclear is bound to see it through. When Deputy Cowans was arraigned for assaulting Leclear yesterday in police court, an affidavit by President L. H. Withry was read that Leclear had promised to drop the prosecution in consideration of $100 cash. The trial of Cowans will occur Saturday afternoon before a jury.

## SCHOOL HOUSE FIRE.

### A Detroit Building Completely Destroyed.

### The Watchman is Missing and It is Feared He Perished in the Flames.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 27.—The Detroit High School building, corner of Griswold and State streets, was completely destroyed by fire, which started at 1 o'clock this morning. The building has long been denounced as a tinder box, and the way in which the flames spread showed that the denunciations were well deserved. The building was erected in 1875 and it was the intention to use the structure for school purposes only until the new Central High school building was erected. The loss is $100,000. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been the explosion of chemicals stored in the basement.

## SANITARIUM BURNED.

### Seventy-five Inmates Have a Narrow Escape.

### Fire Breaks Out in Three Different Places, Indicating the Presence of Firebugs.

ROME, Ga., Jan. 27.—Dr. J. B. Holme's private sanitarium, including the main building, surgical ward and drug store, with all their contents, were destroyed by fire yesterday morning at 3 o'clock. There were seventy-five inmates in the building when the fire broke out and the flames spread so rapidly that they barely escaped in their night clothes. It is believed the fire was the work of an incendiary, as the building was fired in three different places. The total loss is $100,000, with $60,000 Insurance. The sanitarium will be rebuilt.

## CONVENTION CALLED.

### Effort to Be Made to Unite Dynamic Forces to Promote Temperance.

A call has been issued by a large number of persons interested in temperance work for a "State Christian temperance council to meet at Indianapolis Wednesday, February 22, 1893, 11 a. m., for the purpose of consulting and agreeing on some line of action in which all can unite for the suppression of the liquor traffic."

Delegates are expected from every congregation of Christians, temperance organization, Y. M. C. A. and Young People's society in the state. The call is signed by J. S. Axtell, L. L. Carpenter, Rev. Samuel Sawyer, Rev. Dr. Jenckes, Rev. Dr. T. A. Goodwin and many others. The call, it is said, "is made in the deep conviction that the temperance reform has been much weakened and impeded by divisions among its advocates where there should be co-operation, and by suspicions where there should be mutual confidence. And in the further belief that a period of more charity and better understanding prevails than formerly when such efforts as that now proposed failed, and that the time is at hand when the Christian citizens of Indiana should * * * secure action along the line of prayers and aims in opposition to the saloon."

Such a convention, in response to much the same call, was held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms at Indianapolis about four years ago, but while full of stormy interest, accomplished nothing material. The resolutions adopted were never heard of again. Prohibitionists packed the convention and proceeded to use their majority as they pleased, while the temperance delegates went home in disgust.

## DEMOCRATIC SOLDIERS

### Object to State Donations for the G. A. R. Encampment.

The Democratic Soldier's club, of which Hon. M. V. B. Spencer is the president, held an interesting meeting last evening. An important feature of the proceedings last night was the passing of the following resolutions:

Resolved, By the Allen county Democratic Soldier's club, that we are opposed to the bill now before the Indiana legislature appropriating $50,000 for the entertainment of the annual encampment of the G. A. R., for the reason that we consider any appropriation would be unconstitutional, and we request our senators and representatives to use their influence and vote against it. [illegible] it further

Resolved, That we are in favor of the bill now before the legislature establishing a state soldiers' home, and we ask that due appropriation be made for that purpose.

Resolved, Further, that the secretary is hereby instructed to send a copy of these resolutions to our senators and representatives.

## DEATH'S HARVEST.

### Henry Nord, of Marion Township, Passes Away.

Henry Nord, a well known and prosperous farmer of Marion township, died at his home yesterday morning of lung fever, after an illness of some weeks. The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon. Deceased leaves a wife and four children.

The funeral of Mabel Kramer was held at 1:30 this afternoon.

This morning the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kaening, of No 68 Stophlet street, died of erysipelas. The funeral will be held on Sunday.

The funeral of Miss Johanna Lanigan was held this morning from the St. Patrick's Catholic church at 9 o'clock. Rev. Delaney officiated.

## PICKPOCKETS ABOUT.

### They Made a Good Haul at the Cathedral.

### Vile Creatures Who Yesterday Profaned the Church With Their Petty Pilfering.

Pickpockets are again at work in Fort Wayne. They were on hand yesterday at the Cathedral and made a good sized haul working the crowd in attendance at the funeral of Bishop Dwenger.

Among the victims were Mrs. P. S. O'Rourke, who lost a pocket book containing $12, and Mrs. Margaret Keough, mother of William Keough, who was robbed of a purse containing $14 or $15. The ladies both had their money in outside pockets and suppose that they were robbed while attempting to force their way through the crowds about the door way. A number of other ladies complained to the ushers that they had missed small sums.

The police were in attendance at the services but the jam was so great that it was an utter impossibility to detect the pilferers. Lieutenant Lapp speaking of the matter to a SENTINEL representative this morning, said that "a man who would steal in a church upon such an occasion would commit murder." The work was probably done by local talent.

#### OTHER POLICE COURT NOTES.

Joe Kopp, clerk of the police court, is on hand again attending to his duties. Joe has had quite a serious time of it and his friends are glad to see him out.

Last evening Officer Limecooley took a run in the police wagon and gathered up Celestin French, who was drunk on the corner of Barr and Montgomery streets. He had fallen in the snow and was in a fair way to freeze to death. He plead the customary "sick spell" this morning but went to jail in default of a fine of $10.60.

John Hennigen, of Nebraska, is again in trouble. He is well known to the police, and although but sixteen years old, appears to have a future of crime before him. The boy's mother is dead and Johnny has been upon the streets so much that he has become utterly reckless. On Saturday he went to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Brannan, at No. 171 East Washington street, and while Mrs. Brannan, who is the lad's aunt, was up town shopping, Johnny concluded to go through the house. He found a silver watch and a silver fifty cent piece and skipped. Later in the day he went out to John Decker's place, north east of the city, and stole a shot gun and pouch, two pigeons and two ferrits. He went from there to Krohn Brother's saloon, on the east side, and tried to sell the gun, but nobody would buy it.

Last evening he was arrested at the World's Museum by Deputy Sheriff Frank Joly. At his trial this morning before Mayor Zollinger, Hennigen said that he was not guilty. Owing to some misunderstanding all the witnesses had not been summoned and the case was continued until tomorrow morning at 2 o'clock.

## HON. WM. F. M'NAGNY.

### The Congressman-Elect Interviewed at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 27.—Congressman W. F. McNagny is registered at the Bates from Columbia City, his home. He states that he will not go to Washington until about the 10th of next month. He says he is thoroughly in accord with the Chicago platform and thinks that the money question has assumed such a one-sided phase that it will probably result in the repeal of the Sherman bill and will not be altogether a party question. Speaking of ex-Governor Gray he stated that, in his opinion, Mr. Gray would be rewarded for his service to his party, and that he thought his chances for a cabinet position were good. Mr. McNagny also thinks that the coming politician of Indiana is Thomas Taggart, who, he said, showed remarkable powers in the late campaign. Mr. McNagny is here on private legal business. He has some cases before the supreme court. "It is interesting to watch the legislature and renew old acquaintance," he said.

## PROMINENT PHYSICIAN DEAD.

### The Death at Huntington of Dr. Severance.

A telephone message to THE SENTINEL at noon today announced the death at Huntington, at an early hour this morning, of Dr. LaGrange Severance, one of the oldest and most prominent physicians of that city. The news of his death comes as a great surprise, as none of his Fort Wayne friends, and they are legion, had heard of his illness. Dr. Severance leaves a wife and six children. He was an uncle of H. E. and C. L. Drummond, of this city, both of whom were greatly shocked by the news. The deceased was prominent in Masonic circles, being a Scottish Rite degree member of the fraternity. His boyhood days were spent in a printing office, he learning the trade in Augusta, Mo., in an office owned by the late James G. Blaine, and when Blaine was nominated for president at Chicago, Mr. Severance was in that city as one of his most earnest workers. The funeral will be held Sunday at Huntington.

The latest cigar lighter out is one which works by electricity. You pull the button and the electric machine does the rest. One has been placed in the Randall.

W. H. Fremerkamp, B. F. Winshoff and Theo Smith, of Decatur, were at the Randall yesterday. They came to attend the funeral of Bishop Dwenger.

# YOU DON'T KNOW

what a comfort it is to have ready at hand a remedy that never fails to relieve Constipation, and that, without pain or discomfort; and almost immediately cures headaches, and dispels every symptom of Dyspepsia. Such a remedy is found in Simmons Liver Regulator—not a sweetened compound to nauseate, or an intoxicating beverage to cultivate an alcoholic appetite, but a medicine pleasant to the taste, and perfectly harmless when given to the smallest child. S. L. R. never disappoints. It possesses the virtues and perfections of a reliable remedy of the kind endorsed by eminent physicians.

"It affords me pleasure to add my testimony to those you receive annually in reference to your valuable medicine. I consider Simmons Liver Regulator the best family medicine on the market. I have prescribed it with excellent results."—W. F. PARK, M. D., Tracy City, Tenn.

PAGE'S
CLIMAX SALVE
A FAMILY BLESSING FOR 25c.

Its action upon the system is unlike any other external remedy, as it never drives the disease to the Internal Organs. Its properties go to the diseased part, and separate all the poisonous and corrupt humors, through the perspiring vessels to the surface, and eradicates the disease from the system. We warrant it to cure Old Sores, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Sore Breasts or Nipples, Boils, Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Fistula, Piles, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and all cutaneous diseases on man and beast.

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE acts like magic on Horse flesh in curing Scratches, Mange, Old Sores, Fresh Cuts, Snake Bites, Bruises, Burns, Saddle and Harness Galls, Chafes, &c. It is warranted to cure in every case, or money refunded. For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere, or sent by Mail or Express, prepaid, on receipt of price.

J. P. MILLS, 86 Liberty St., New York.

For Sale at wholesale by Meyer Bros. & Co., No. 8 West Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE

CHICAGO

TO

Kansas City & Omaha

Beauty often depends on plumpness; so does comfort; so does health. If you get thin, there is something wrong, though you may feel no sign of it.

Thinness itself is a sign; sometimes the first sign; sometimes not.

The way to get back plumpness is by CAREFUL LIVING, which sometimes includes the use of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil.

Let us send you—free—a little book which throws much light on all these subjects.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1.

None Such
CONDENSED
Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

OTTO B. KLINKENBERG, Druggist,
80 AND 80 1-2 CALHOUN STREET,
Has secured from the manufacturers the EXCLUSIVE AGENCY for the sale of

TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢

in the city of Ft. Wayne.

Souvenir PLAYING CARDS given free to smokers of TANSILL'S PUNCH, pronounced to be absolutely the BEST FIVE-CENT CIGAR MADE.

THE R. W. TANSILL CO., Manufacturers,
NEW YORK, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO.

One agent—dealer only—wanted in every town for the city, druggists—[illegible]

NEW LIFE.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of Brain, causing insanity, misery, decay, death, premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotency, Leucorrhœa and all Female Weaknesses, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of brain, self-abuse, over-indulgence. A month's treatment, $1, 6 for $5, by mail. We guarantee six boxes to cure. Each order for 6 boxes, with $5 will send written guarantee to refund money if not cured. Guarantee issued only by

GROSS & PELLENS, Druggists and Sole Agents, 34 Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

J. M. E. RIEDEL

ARCHITECT,

SCHMITZ BLOCK, Third Floor.

# Fort Wayne Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

FRIDAY, JAN. 27, 1893.

# 4107

### In the Daily Average of Our Circulation for the Month of December.

STATE OF INDIANA, ALLEN COUNTY, ss:

Personally appeared before me, clerk of the Allen circuit court, Jos. F. Ervin, business manager of THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, who makes oath that the actual number of copies of THE DAILY SENTINEL delivered to subscribers and sold to newsboys and news agents, during the month of December, 1892, was as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| December 1 | 4,078 |
| December 2 | 4,090 |
| December 3 | 4,135 |
| December 5 | 4,065 |
| December 6 | 4,072 |
| December 7 | 4,051 |
| December 8 | 4,106 |
| December 9 | 4,056 |
| December 10 | 4,117 |
| December 12 | 4,019 |
| December 13 | 4,103 |
| December 14 | 4,101 |
| December 15 | 4,107 |
| December 16 | 4,110 |
| December 17 | 4,228 |
| December 19 | 4,101 |
| December 20 | 4,120 |
| December 21 | 4,107 |
| December 22 | 4,143 |
| December 23 | 4,117 |
| December 24 | 4,121 |
| December 26 | 4,115 |
| December 27 | 4,117 |
| December 28 | 4,127 |
| December 29 | 4,116 |
| December 30 | 4,114 |
| December 31 | 4,107 |
| **Total for the month** | **110,903** |
| **Daily average** | **4,107** |

JOS. F. ERVIN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of January, 1893.

DAN'L W. SOUDER,
Clerk.

## THIS DAY IN THE PAST.

1621—Dr. Thomas Willis, famous English anatomist, born; died 1675.
1699—Sir William Temple, author and diplomatist, died; born 1628.
1756—Wolfgang Mozart, famous composer, born; died 1791.
1816—Admiral Samuel Lord Hood died; born 1724.
1823—Dr. C. Hutton, mathematician, died; born 1737.
1832—Rev. Dr. Andrew Bell, originator of the Madras system of juvenile education, died; born 1753.
1840—Rossiter Johnson, author, born in Rochester, N. Y.
1851—John James Audubon, naturalist, died; born 1780. The steamboat John Adams sunk in the Ohio river; 120 lives lost.
1876—Frederic Lemaitre, actor, died, aged 77.
1878—Sir Edward Shepard Creasy, author of "Fifteen Decisive Battles of the World," died; born 1812.
1891—W. A. Peffer, Populist, elected United States senator for Kansas, and John J. Ingalls, Republican, defeated. 108 miners killed by an explosion at Mount Pleasant, Pa. Dr. Sullivan Whitney, the first to manufacture homeopathic medicines in America, died, aged 83.

## TONIGHT.

EINTRACHT SINGING SOCIETY—Smoker in hall in Foster block.
CLEVELAND LOAN ASSOCIATION—Regular meeting.
TAYLOR UNIVERSITY—Public Exercises by the Literary Societies.
HEBREW TEMPLE—Religious services.
WORLD'S MUSEUM—A new play and curio hall attractions.
REVIVAL SERVICES—Baptist Tabernacle, St. Paul M. E. church, U. B. church, Grace Reformed church, Christian church, Wayne St. M. E. Church.
LODGES—Fort Wayne No. 19, A. O. U. W.; National Union; Sons of Columbus.

PRESIDENT-ELECT CLEVELAND is in New York, looking after legal business. He refused to be interviewed on the cabinet question.

THE prospects for a flood with the disappearance of the snow are excellent. The ground is frozen hard and deep and should the snow go off suddenly it will produce a great deal of water.

SENATOR CULLOM yesterday introduced a resolution in the senate requesting the Philadelphia municipal authorities to lend the Liberty bell to the world's fair. The resolution was referred to a committee.

INVESTIGATIONS reveal the fact that Frank B. Riley, whose mother has filed a claim for $25,000 indemnity against Italy, was killed by a hotel keeper at Genoa, and the facts in the case do not warrant diplomatic interference.

ONE of the most interesting conventions to occur next summer is what is called the international convention of the Young Men's Christian Association, which will meet in Indianapolis May 10 to 14. It is expected that there will be 1,000 delegates in attendance.

THE Michigan idea of choosing presidential electors as congressmen are chosen, one being elected by vote in each district, with, in addition, two at large, to be balloted for by all the voters of the state, is spreading. A bill providing for selecting the presidential electors in this way is now before the Minnesota legislature.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has already had the appointment of three members of the supreme court—Justices Brewer, Brown and Shiras. President Cleveland, during his term of office, had the appointment of only two—Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Lamar. In the natural course of events Mr. Cleveland will, in all probability, soon have the appointment of one or two members of the court.

A SERIOUS condition of affairs prevails at Evansville, which city is noted for its liberal, wide open policy. The Journal, of that city, says that there have been thirty eight fires during the present month, and over a dozen murders within a year, besides assaults and lesser offenses too numerous to mention. It notes that there is a great deal of unfavorable talk "about the complicity of some of the police, and even the police board, with the fakirs and gamblers," and in another paragraph the Journal significantly observes that "some of these days or nights some innocent person will be robbed or killed, or dangerously hurt by some disreputable character. The result will be a lynching. There is a limit to human forbearance. The lawless elements ought to be careful not to pass it. They are already on the brink of a precipice." Still further the Journal adds: "There is likely to be formed in this city a formidable civic organization designed to uphold the hands of the authorities in punishing law-breakers. Orderly and law-abiding citizens are becoming alarmed at the prevalence of crime; it is simply a question of safety and self-preservation."

ADVANCE sheets of the official Catholic directory for 1893 have just been issued. The Catholic population is given as 8,806,095, to whom spiritual guidance is given fourteen archbishops, seventy-five bishops and 9,397 priests of whom 6,954 are secular and 2,443 are regular priests. There are 8,477 churches, 3,485 stations and 1,768 chapels. The 1,845 students of the secular priesthood are educated in thirty-six seminaries. There are 127 colleges, 657 academies and 3,587 parochial schools; 725,200 children attend the parochial schools, 26,533 orphans are cared for in 235 orphan asylums, besides which there 463 other charitable institutions.

### Blaine is Dead.

Blaine is dead! These three words at the head of our telegraph columns announcing the death of Hon. James G. Blaine tells the story of the ending of the career of a distinguished statesman, a brilliant scholar and a man who held the highest admiration of the American people, for both his political friends and his political opponents accorded to him these characteristics.

Few public men have occupied the positions of honor that Blaine did and won so many hearts. Henry Clay is most often compared to him and there are many strong points of resemblance, for both Clay and Blaine possessed in a marked degree those qualities of attraction, of sympathetic intuition which are so fittingly described as personal magnetism, but that Blaine was the superior in ability of Clay none would question. He was, in fact, the greatest statesman of his age and he will go down into history as such.

He never reached the goal of his ambition—to be president of the United States—but he has earned a fame that will be more lasting. Blaine is dead! These words will carry sadness all over the nation, and the countries of the world will join the mourning throng.

### Poolroom Gambling.

A New York judge took occasion a few days ago to speak his mind briefly but forcibly in regard to the evils of poolroom gambling. The occasion arose from the arrest of a number of boys who had been led to steal by the temptations of the poolrooms. "These poolrooms," said the judge, "are nothing but breeders of crime and vice, and if I could have my way I would break them all up." But these breeders of crime flourish in all parts of New York city in spite of the pretended vigilance of the police. Many of them are run without any concealment whatever, and their crowds of patrons may be seen streaming in and out at all times of the day. These dens of vice are all adjuncts of the race-tracks.

This state of things is quite common all over the country, although the Chicago authorities have practically stamped out the evil. But even in the latter city gambling is carried on at the race track just outside the city limits, and there is a movement afoot to combat the great damage done by these outlaw institutions.

IT is reported that the young lady-students of Monticello seminary at Alton, Ill., celebrated the re-building of their school-house by a rousing political demonstration, in which the four parties were well represented and each had its own war cry, mottoes and line of march. Additional interest was felt in the presidential contest from the fact that Miss Letitia Stevenson, the young daughter of Mr. Adlai Stevenson, is a member of the school; but the parties were equally enthusiastic. The new buildings are very handsome and have been erected at a cost of over a half-million dollars, much of which has been secured from alumnae and other friends through the influence of Miss H. N. Haskell, the efficient principal.

W. J. WEEKS, a spry young man of seventy-two summers, of Yaphank, L. I., challenges any person in the world, "regardless of age," to a match at skate writing. He has had a challenge for long-distance speed skating, open to "any lad of 70," for one thousand dollars a side, standing for two years with no takers. He proposes that the match shall consist of writing words and sentences, comprising not less than one hundred letters, to be given out by the judges at the time of the contest, and to be judged by three experts in penmanship. English writers, Mr. Weeks says, assert that the feat of writing letters on the ice by skating is impossible, but he is ready to demonstrate their error.

SEVERAL rich finds of nickel have recently been made in the Black Hills country. The use of nickel in armor plates and the probability of an increased demand for the metal have stimulated prospectors to make close search for it. Nickel has long been known to exist in that region. Many claims have lately been staked out, and specimens brought in from several large deposits show a large percentage of nickel and from five to ten dollars gold to the ton.

EVERY winter the Southeastern railway of Canada builds a railway on the ice across the St. Lawrence river at Montreal. It is two miles in length, and is built to save the tolls on the Victoria tubular bridge, which amount to ten dollars a car and eight cents for every passenger. The amount saved pays the cost of rebuilding the railway on the ice each winter and gives the company a handsome profit.

THE results of recent experiments made in Berlin by Prof. Uffelmann show that cholera bacilli remain alive in water from one to six days, in butter six days, in cabbage three days, on postal cards twenty hours after drying, while on silver coins and copper they die in half an hour.

Scrofula, whether hereditary or acquired, is thoroughly expelled from the blood by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

# WHAT

## Society Has Been Doing and What "They Say" About It.

### The 49th Club Entertained by Miss Alice Ward—Toasts at the Missionary Anniversary.

Miss Nellie Griffith is visiting friends in Bluffton.

Mrs. W. H. McKinnie is very dangerously ill.

A social will be given this evening at the Southside Congregational church.

The Whist club was entertained by Miss Constance Wilder Wednesday evening.

Miss Ella George, of Bourbon, Ind., is the guest of Miss Ada Mounser, of 50 Brackenridge street.

A social time will be the order of the evening from 9 to 11 this evening at Miss Farnan's dancing school.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Nickey and little daughter spent a few days of this week with Mr. and Mrs. E. L. McLallen.

The M. F. P. club gave one of its delightful hops at the home of one of its members, on Winters street, last evening.

Mrs. J. E. Haines and son, Jimmie, of Plymouth, are visiting in the city. They came to attend the funeral of the late Bishop Dwenger.

Last evening at the home of Mr. William Fisk, on West DeWald street, a pleasant surprise was tendered his son, Will, it being the anniversary of his birth.

Misses Susie Coughlin and Lizzie Dougherty, of Huntington, who were the guests of Miss Anna Dougherty, of 200 East Jefferson street, returned home last evening.

Next Wednesday evening a full dress reception and ball will be given by Miss Farnan's dancing class at Huntington. A number of Fort Wayne guests will be in attendance.

Mr. H. K. Parry, of Lucas, Ohio, will be the guest of his brother, Mr. G. T. Parry, over Sunday. On his return to Lucas Mr. Parry will be accompanied by his wife, who has been visiting relatives in this city for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sanders entertained friends at tea last evening in honor of Mr. Sanders and daughter, of Indianapolis. An impromptu musicale was given after supper and some very fine selections were rendered by Miss Ortlieb.

The ladies of the Trinity Episcopal church are very much interested just at present in the cooking school which is to open next Wednesday at the parish house and which will be in charge of Miss Clark, of Milwaukee, Wis. The daily bill of fare will be given later.

Miss Carry, of West Washington street, gave a charming little 6 o'clock dinner last evening in compliment to Mrs. H. K. Parry, of Lucas, Ohio, who is her guest. The table was prettily decorated and the dinner was served in four courses. The guests were Mrs. Ralph Van Fleet, Mrs. Ed. Gilette, Mrs. F. Fool, Mrs. G. T. Parry and Miss Mary Sibray.

The social given last evening at the home of Mrs. W. E. Mossman, on West Washington street, by the ladies of the Plymouth Congregational church was a most enjoyable affair. There was excellent music by Prof. Miles, Miss Leo Long, the Apollo quartet, a violin solo and recitation by Miss Ethel Mossman. A very entertaining and instructive paper was read by Mr. Paul Mossman on "Music of Other Lands," from notes taken while on his trip through Europe, Asia and Africa. At the conclusion of the program refreshments were served.

A very delightful sleighing party which enjoyed the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Gerke's home in Adams township, was the one given last evening. Dancing and card playing were indulged in until midnight, when a dainty lunch was served. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. C. Dasseler, Misses Alvina Ehrman, Martha Brudi, Anna Zwick, Minnie Ehrman, Sophia Mayland, Louisa Ehrman, Sophia Gerke, Mary and Carrie Meyer, Clara Kerr, Ollie Gerkins, Messrs. George Ropa, Fred Baade, F. Triep, Will Ropa, Charles Mayland, Warren Kennell, Charles Ehrman and Henry Mayland. Mr. G. Ropa's orchestra furnished the music.

Last evening Miss Alice Ward entertained the members of the "49th" club in a very charming manner. Instead of the usual four hand game of pedro a six hand progressive game was played and the change added zest to the affair. The first prizes were captured by Misses Alice Woodworth, Constance Lumbard, Ethel Ninde, and Messrs. Will Ninde, Ed Woodworth and Elbert Baldwin. The guests of honor were Miss Rena North, of Philadelphia, who is Miss Carnahan's guest, and Miss Maud Clark, of Marshall, Mich., who is being entertained by Mrs. G. A. Rabus. The refreshments served were very dainty and delicious. The club will be entertained next week by Mrs. C. G. Guild, at her home, on West Berry street.

A recital will be given by the pupils of the Conservatory of Music Friday evening, January 27. The program is as follows: Overture—"Sans Souci," by the orchestra; piano solo—La Truite, Miss Mabel Umbenhaur; song—"Land of Fair Spain," Miss Maud Miller; violin solo—"Air Varied," Miss Estella Merles; piano solo—"Last Smile," Miss Algeia Reynolds; vocal exercise—"Theme with Variations," Miss Ella Simon; violin solo—"Legende," Miss Lillian Schrader; piano solo—"Dancing Waves," Miss Maud Miller; song—"Bob olink," Miss Anna Racine; piano solo—"Grande Gallop de Concert," Miss Ida Jackson; song—"Titana" from Mignon, Miss Ella Simon; "Spring Song" and "March" by orchestra and pupils.

A delightful sleighing party left the city a few evenings since intending to drive to the McIntosh homestead, several miles east of the city. But good intentions are not always well carried out, and the one in the minds of these coasters proved to be of the New Year's variety. Just about a mile and a half this side of Mr. McIntosh's farm, one of the horses took a notion to lie down and die, and die he did, and neither the lamentations of some nor the merriment of others in the party could bring him to life. Finally one of the party was dispatched to the McIntosh farm, where another horse was procured. The party then proceeded and during the remaining hours of the evening all went merry as a marriage bell. The horse, which was a very valuable one, was sick when taken from the stable, but as the driver was not aware of the fact, he was not to blame for the accident.

The tea and reception given last evening by the Mesdames W. H. Hoffman, A. E. Hoffman, E. F. Yarnelle, Susan Hoffman, F. A. Caswell, J. K. McCracken, D. B. Wells, E. H. McDonald, H. M. Diehl, C. L. Olds and Misses Agnes Cochrane, Helen Moffatt, Merica Hoagland, C. H. Sharp, to celebrate the twenty-first anniversary of the organization of the Woman's Missionary society of the First Presbyterian church, and of which an account was given in THE SENTINEL of last evening, was a most delightful, as well as instructive, social success. Mrs. Henry Hoffman presided as toastmistress and as the ladies responded to the different toasts all showed that they were well informed upon the subject of missionary work, that they knew what they were doing and what is more, that they thoroughly enjoyed the work they had taken up. Mrs. L. D. Keil responded to the toast "Our Society" and said that the society was organized in January, 1872, with Mrs. Smith, of the Third church, as president; Mrs. Erdman and Mrs. S. C. Schoaf, of the First church, vice presidents; Miss Carrie Nuttman, treasurer, and Mrs. Mary Hamilton-Williams, secretary. In 1874 the society separated into three societies, one for each of the Presbyterian churches.

Mrs. C. L. Olds responded to "Our Membership Above" and paid glowing tributes to the memory of the late Mrs. Jessie L. Williams, Mrs. Allan Hamilton, Miss Martha Hough and Mrs. H. P. Ayers.

"Is There a Selfish Side?" was responded to by Mrs. F. A. Caswell, who, by comparing what we spend for ourselves and what we give to missions, what we need and what was needed, showed that there was not a selfish side.

"A Notable Open Door" was the toast to which Miss Agnes Cochrane responded and, reading a letter from India, said that "India holds the key to the foreign missionary problem. The Indians are more susceptable to the teachings of Christ than any other nation."

In responding to the toast "A Possible Achievement" Miss Hoagland gave a word picture of the possible results of missionary labor and said that it might be possible to send the gospel to every creature before the end of this century.

In speaking of "What We Lack" Miss Sharp said it was not money nor ways nor places, but prayer.

The letters "G. R. I. P. W. G." of the toast responded to by Mrs. D. B. Wells, meant 'Go, Read, Invite, Pray, Work and Give." Mrs. Wells then proposed that another society or missionary club be formed, and asked that the gentlemen would join with the ladies and give them the benefit of their brains and experience. The society was organized last evening and sixty-two persons signed as members. The first meeting of the club will be held the second Friday in February, in the First church lecture room, and will be led by Mrs. D. B. Wells and Mr. E. F. Yarnelle, and a meeting will be held the second Friday of every month thereafter. The Hadyn quartet sang several selections and the pastors of the three Presbyterian churches and Mr. E. F. Yarnelle gave short addresses.

## THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Closing, 1:15 p. m.—Wheat, Jan., 74½c; Feb., 74½c; May, 78½c.

Corn, Jan., 44½c; Feb., 44½c; May, 48½c.

Oats, Jan., 30½c; Feb., 31½c; May, 35½c.

Pork, Jan., $19.40; May, $19.45.

Lard, Jan., $11.62½; May, $11.62½.

Ribs, Jan., $10.32½; May, $10.35.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Ill., Jan. 27.—Cattle, receipts, 17,000; firmer.

Hogs, receipts, 18,000; strong; 10@15c higher. Heavy, $7.70@8.15; mixed and medium, $7.55@7.95; light, $7.50@7.80.

Sheep, receipts, 4,000; firmer.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 27.—Close—Wheat, cash, 73c; May, 78½c.

Corn, cash, 44c.

Oats, cash, 36½c.

Rye, cash, 61@62c.

Cloverseed, Feb., $8.93; March, $8.90@$8.95.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Sugar, refined, firm; cut loaf and crushed, 5 31-100@5½c.

Butter, in light demand with an easy tone.

Eggs, quiet but steady; state choice, 32c; western best 21@32c.

### A Question.

Mr. Greenleaf—Look here Amanda. I wrote to Mr. Stubbs, the man Dick works for in New York, and asked him how Dick was getting along, and where he slept nights?

Amanda—What did he say?

Mr. Greenleaf—Why, he says Dick is all right, and that he sleeps in the store during the day, but he doesn't know where he sleeps nights.—Truth.

### All the Comforts of Home.

Husband—Life has no longer any charms for me. I'll kill myself. I'll take poison.

Wife, calmly—Well, if you do take poison my dear, get the kind that's advertised, "Don't die in the house."—Texas Siftings.

## IN A LONDON CROWD.

### The Big Englishman Who Enabled a Young American Lady to See.

Among the Spectator's friends is a Scotchman who came to this country young, prospered here, married here but has often visited the old country, making in all nearly a hundred voyages. One of these voyages was made in 1851 with his young wife. That was the year of the great world's fair, when the Crystal palace dazzled the eyes of the visitors whose wonderful tales spread the marvel far and wide. When the Spectator's friend reached London all of the talk was of the coming opening of the Crystal palace. The royalties were to be there in great force, to say nothing of mere celebrities.

The gentleman himself had seen all this sort of thing before, including the royalties. But his young wife had not and a great thing it would be to her American eyes. The price was rather steep. Only those were admitted who held season tickets and season tickets cost something like £50. It seemed a big price to pay for a single sight of even so unusual a show, but the Spectator's friend was determined that his wife should not lose the chance—it might never come to her again. So he bought a ticket and sent her, on opening day, to the Crystal palace with some English friends. Great was the crowd, and the young American woman was a person of unlucky shortness of stature. Tiptoe her best, she could not see a thing over the mass of heads, all turned in one direction. The procession of royalties swept in, but it was not for her. Bitter tears of disappointment filled her eyes that, after so much cost and trouble, she was to be completely balked.

A big Englishman stood near her, with the kindliest of eyes. He saw it all at a glance. "Permit me, madam," the Englishman said, and with his strong hands he encircled her waist, and lifted her up above the heads of everybody, as easily as if she had been a little girl. He held her there quite a time, his arms not seeming to know a tired feeling, telling her who everybody was, royalties and celebrities alike. When he at last put her down she had had a much better view than three-fourths of the tall people who were present. In reply to her thanks he simply said: "It is always a special pleasure to do a favor for an American." She was sure he was himself distinguished, but the friends who were with her did not know him. She described him to all the English people whom she met, but could get no clue to his identity. So she came back to America ignorant who the kind-hearted Englishman was.

Some years after, in Brooklyn, she went with her husband to Plymouth church to hear a lecture by a celebrated Englishman, says the Christian Union. The moment he appeared on the stage she turned to her husband and exclaimed: "That's he! that's my Crystal palace Englishman!" It was Thackeray. After the lecture the husband and wife had the pleasure of meeting him, again acknowledging their obligations, and entertaining him at their own home. Somehow the incident struck the Spectator as just the sort of unique, kindliness one would expect from Thackeray. It has in a way justified him in his feeling that you can tell something about an author from his books.

### How Japanese Children Are Named.

In Japan children are called by the family name, or "last" name first, and their "given" or Christian name second. For instance, if a little Japanese boy were named one of our names, such as John Farley or Hugh Miller or Peter Smith, he would be called Farley John or Miller Hugh or Smith Peter. When he learns to lisp his name, it is always the family name he learns first, so that if you were to ask our little American-Japanese boy his name he would say: "Farley" or "Miller" or "Smith." Later he would add the other name, when he had learned to talk. If a little Japanese boy is named Sing Foo you will probably find that his sister's name is Sing Fa, and his brothers may be named Sing Lon, Sing Foy and Sing Anna. But all are addressed merely as "Sing" instead of by the "first" name.

### Better Than That.

Dr. Chisholm, a canny Scot, on being introduced to a gentleman the other day, said: "Your name is French, are you?" "On the contrary I am Dutch and Scotch mixed," replied the new acquaintance. "Then your mother was Scotch?" "Well, yes, I should think so, she was a MacNabb!" "Ah, a MacNabb! By the way, didn't you ever hear the old Highland story of the heated argument which the MacDonald and the McNabb got into? No? Well, they were discussing their ancestry and MacDonald said: 'I tell ye, man, we are the auldest o' a' the clans in Scotland. We were wi' Noah in the ark.' 'Hoot, mon! dinna ye ken the MacNabbs had a boat o' their ain?'"

### Who Made the Toad?

Among the most ignorant class of agricultural laborers in Norfolk and Suffolk there is a queer idea prevalent concerning the origin of a common rustic acquaintance of ours.

They say that after the creation of man Satan, fired with jealousy, attempted to rival that masterpiece, but the nearest approach to the human being that he was able to fashion was the toad.

For this reason the toad is sometimes regarded with peculiar disfavor.

### A Sabbath Day's Journey.

The Sabbath day's journey of the Jews was 2,000 yards, the traditional distance from the end of the Ark of the Covenant to the farther side of the Israelites' camp, where they had made a stop in the wilderness, the point where the Sabbatical law was given.

### A Hot-Water Slot Machine.

Paris is now supplied with a novel sort of fountain for furnishing hot water to the people. An automatic machine is used, to which the water is conducted by means of subterranean pipes. It runs through a coiled-up copper tubing 300 feet long, and is heated during its progress through this by gas, which is turned on by a coin equivalent in value to 1 cent. The amount of hot water supplied is about eight quarts.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

## COMMON COUNCIL.

### Resolutions Introduced for Paving East Berry from Barr to Monroe Streets With Bricks.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were referred to committee on streets:

By Michaels:

Resolved (H. I.), That Barr street from the north line of Wayne street to the north line of Berry street (except so much as now paved with asphalt paving blocks), be paved with vitrified paving brick, and the foundation to remain as it now exists except where the same is necessary to change to conform to the cross sections of the finished pavement to the width of 35 feet and reset the stone curbing on both sides of said street.

By Michaels.

Resolved (H. I.), That East Berry street from the East line of Barr street to the West line of Monroe street, be graded and paved with vitrified paving brick on a concrete foundation, six inches deep, to the width of 35 feet, and reset the stone curbing on both sides of said street.

By Michaels.

Resolved (H. I.) That Barr street, from the north line of Wayne street to the north line of Columbia street be paved with vitrified paving brick and the foundation to remain as it now exists except where the same is necessary to change to conform to the cross sections of the finished pavement to the width of 35 feet and reset the stone curbing on both sides of said street.

By Michaels.

Resolved (H. I.) That the sidewalk on the south side of Washington street abutting on lot 93 and the east 10 feet of lot 91, Hanna's addition be graded and paved with stone flagging 4 inches thick and 8 feet long.

By Michaels.

Resolved (H. I.), That the sidewalk on the west side of Clinton street from the north rail of the N. Y. C. & St. L. R. R. to Superior street be paved with stone to a width of six feet, and graded to a width of twelve feet.

By Scherer.

Resolved (H. I.), That the sidewalks on both sides of Hugh street from Walton avenue to Alliger street be graded to a width of 10 feet and paved with brick to a width of 4 feet.

By Scherer.

Resolved (H. I.) That a 15 inch clay pipe sewer with the necessary catch basins and connections be constructed in the first alley south of Lewis street from McCulloch street to Lillie street.

By Scherer.

Resolved (H. I.). That Hugh street from Walton avenue to Alliger street be graded to a width of 30 feet.

By Hanna.

Resolved (H. I.). That Monroe street from the north line of Wayne street to the north line of Berry street be graded and paved with vitrified paving brick on a foundation of broken stone six inches deep, to a width of 35 feet, and curb with stone curbing both sides of said street.

By Oakley.

Resolved (H. I.) That the alley between Wayne and Berry streets, between Jackson to Union streets, be graded and paved with vitrified brick on a foundation of broken stone 6 inches deep after rolling and a cushion coat of sand 2 inches deep.

By Oakley.

Resolved, (H. I.) That the alley between Main and Berry streets, from Clinton to Barr streets, be graded and paved with vitrified brick on a foundation of broken stone 6 inches deep after rolling, and a cushion coat of sand 2 inches deep.

Be it resolved, That St. Mary's avenue be opened and extended southward along and across the right of way of the N. Y. C. & St. L. railroad and the canal basin, and that the matter in relation thereto be referred to the committee on streets and city attorney, to report at the next regular meeting of this council the expediency of securing the same to the city commissioners for the opening and extending thereof.

L. HAZZARD.

Referred to the committee on streets, city attorney and civil engineer.

On motion the council adjourned.

### The Vicious Rivers of China.

The St. Petersburg Gazette, referring to the latest inundation of the Yellow river in northern China, which will again bring a population of more than a million upon the point of starvation, points out that these frequent or periodical calamities are the work of man rather than of nature. Many centuries ago the Chinese interfered so much with the stream as to compel it to change its course and dig a new bed for itself. But this bed the current has never grown truly accustomed to. It will deposit its immense quantities of sediment carried down from the mountains in the most unsuitable localities, forming shallows and barriers which, when an unusually large mass of water rolls down, will overflow and break through its dikes and inundate the fertile grounds along the river bed. So it has been for centuries past, and the living generations are experiencing again and again that the sins of the fathers are being visited with most terrible cruelty upon remote descendants. It is doubtful whether the river could be turned back into its old bed, lying dry at present. But if it could, the old bed has been changed so much in the course of centuries that even there, in its old, natural, and wonted haunts, the current of the river might not become tranquil, but be forced to produce periodical inundations as it does in its present course.

### A Charming Winter Climate.

"One of the chief delights of America," a famous foreigner recently said, "is the remarkable diversity of climate and altitude. Every taste can be suited there." The rigor of our northern winters tells on a great many constitutions and such people are obliged to "winter south," or to move there altogether. To this large and increasing class North Galveston offers peculiar advantages at prices within the reach of the most modest purse. This new and coming commercial point offers business openings for the merchant; work for the laboring man; homes for the delicate; rich harvest to the fruit grower—profit and pleasure for all. In no place in America is there better opportunity for safe investment. All classes of persons, therefore, are interested in the development of North Galveston and any inquiry will be promptly answered and full information furnished by William Miller, No. 5 West Main street, Fort Wayne, the local agent of the North Galveston Association.

### An Invaluable Remedy for Colds.

Sheriff Hardman, of Tyler county, W. Va., was almost prostrated with a cold when he began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. In speaking of it he says: "It gave me almost instant relief. I find it to be an invaluable remedy for colds." For sale by druggists.

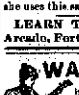
Night calls given immediate attention. Nierman's Pharmacy.

### Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in one to three days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. Seventy-five cents. Sold and guaranteed by C. B. Woodworth & Co., Druggists, Fort Wayne, Indiana. dec2-d&w 3 mo

Page's Climax Salve is truly the woman's friend, as no woman can have broken breasts or sore nipples while she uses this salve. Try it.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY, 31 Arcade, Fort Wayne, Ind. 24t.



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Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers in volume and quality of tone are the BEST IN THE WORLD. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated souvenir catalogue with portraits of famous artists will be Mailed FREE.
LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

C. W. BRUNS & CO.,
PLUMBERS.
Agents for the Goodrich Self-Heating and ing Bath Tubs.
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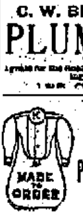

Shirts to Order.
A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.
P. G. KUTTNER,
144 Calhoun Street.

Break Away

from the old way of washing! What is it that keeps you? It can't be economy, for that's on the other side. Pearline doesn't cost any more to use than common soap, or anything else that's safe and harmless. But just the contrary—when you use Pearline, instead of wasting your time and strength and wearing out your clothes on the washboard, you do away with the rub, rub, rub, and save your labor, your clothes and your money. It must be that you'd rather work hard and do damage—if you know these facts and don't use Pearline.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back. JAMES PYLE, New York.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,
Glassware, Hardware and Sewing Machines.
38 and 40 E. Columbia St. Telephone No. 86.

# Fruit House Prices for 1893.

There has taken place some remarkable revolutions in the prices of merchandise the past year, and which is most likely to continue for some time to come. As a rule the tendency, with the exception of pork and potatoes, has favored the consumer. Flour is remarkably cheap. With flour at $1.75 per bbl. and potatoes at 90c per bushel, it is easily determined which is the most economical. Flour, in such instances, will be much more used than formerly. So is pork and beef. When pork reaches the price it has now, beef will be more used.

The same rule applies to Tea and Coffee. Coffee has ruled high of late years, more from speculation than the scarcity, and the high price has increased very greatly the consumption of Tea, for Teas have not advanced for several years, but rather have declined. The higher grade Teas which formerly sold at $1.00 per lb, can be had for 50c per lb, running down to 25c per lb. But in Teas, the best quality is usually the more satisfactory in the end. Although we sell a good high flavored Young Hyson at 30c lb.

TEA PRICE LIST.

Young Hyson, good, 30c; extra, 35c; best, 50c. Gunpowder Tea, extra, 35c; best, 50c.
Imperial tea, choice, 35; best 50c. Oolong or black tea, good, 30c; extra, 35c; best, 50c.
English breakfast, extra, 35c; best, 50c. Japan, uncolored, 35c; good, 35; best, 50c.
Tea dust; 1 pound packages, 15c.

SUGARS—Orleans and Refined.

The Sugar market has kept very steady. The combination that now controls the market will no doubt keep them about as they are. Prices are so low that no complaints are heard on that head, but people do complain about a system of monopoly which has made it possible for a set of men to control the price of sugar or anything else which the people use, yet this is just what is now being done. The people are absolutely at their mercy and the monopoly can put the price up or down at their pleasure. The only relief to be had from such a state of affairs is not to try and regulate them and control them by such sham measures as Inter-state commerce, &c. The remedy is to wipe out their charters. This will abolish all such combinations and place mankind on an equal footing. Sugar prices at present are:

New Orleans, good yellow, 4c. New Orleans, clarified, 5c.
Standard Granulated, 5c. Crushed and Powdered, 5½c.
White American C, 4½c. Good Brown Sugar, 4½c.

Coffees Remain at Same Price as Former Report.

Green Rio, 18c; best Rio, 25c. Choice roasted Rio, loose, per lb. 25c.
Best Roasted Rio, in lb. packages, such as Lion, Jersey and McLaughlin's, 25c.
Old Government Java, green, 27c. Old Government, roasted, 30c.
Rich Arabia Mocha, green, 25c. Rich Mocha, roasted, 35c.

CANNED GOODS.

Such as Tomatoes and Corn, are higher this season in consequence of the short pack of last season. Other goods no higher.
Standard 3 lb Tomatoes, 10c can. Standard 2 lb Corn, 10c; best, 12c can.
3 lb [illegible] Peaches, 20c can. 3 lb choice Pie Peaches, 10c can.
2 lb Peas, 10c can. String Beans, 8c can.

California Canned Goods and Dried Fruits.

3 pound can California Peaches, best, 25c; Egg Plums, 20c; White Cherries, 30; Apricots, 25c; Green Gages, 20c; all in 3 pound cans and good standard fruit.
California Dried Peaches, 15c; best 18c; best Peeled Peaches, 30c; Apricots, 18c, California Raisins, best, 10c and 12c; but we have a No. 1 loose California Raisin, for cooking, at a great bargain, 6c pound.

CANDIES—The Prices Remain as in Last Report.

Pure Stick, 8c lb; Good Extra Mixed French, 8c lb; Bon Bons, very choice, 15c lb; Chocolate Drops and Jelly, 15 and 20c lb. We have a large assortment and all pure sugar goods.

OILS—Linseed, Castor and Neats Foot.

Best Golden Oil, 10c gal. Good machine Oil, 25c gal.
Fine Oil, 40c gal. Best Castor Oil, $1.00 gal.
Headlight Oil, 15c gal. Boiled Linseed Oil, 60c gal.
Coal Oil, 10c gal. Water White Oil gal., 12c.

Plug and Smoking Tobacco and Cigars.

Horse Shoe Plug, 40c lb. J. T. Plug, 40c lb.
A B C Plug, 30c plug. Seal Plug, 40c lb.
Durham Smoking, 60c lb. Briar Smoking, 40c lb.
Mail Pouch Smoking, 35c lb. Sweet Cuba Smoking, 40c lb.
Cigars from 2/6 to $1.00 box. Harvest Moon, 40c box.
American Bell, 90c box. Jim and Fluky, $1.25 box.
Clara, 60c box. Sport, 90c box.
Plantation, $1.00 box. All good smokers.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.

Best Pure Vermont Maple Syrup, $1 gal. New Orleans Molasses, 35c; Best, 40c gal.
Extra Golden Drips, 40c gal. Sorghum, very nice, home made, 40c gal.
Sweet Cider from last fall apples, 30c gal.

Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes Only.

We handle nothing but Pure Domestic Wines—no Foreign goods.
Kelly Island Catawba, best grade, 80c gal. Port Wine from Kelly Island, $1.25 gal.
California, Angelica, very fine $1.50 gal. California, Muscatel, fresh, $1.50 gal.
Kentucky Bourbon, $2.00 and $2.50 gal. Alcohol, full strength and pure, $2.75 gal.
Bourbon Extra, fine [illegible], $1.00 and $1.50 and 75c [illegible] gal.
Gin and Catawba Brandy, $1.75 gal. Scotch Ale, London and Dublin Porter, 25c bottle.
Wine in Bottles, 25 and 50c bottle.

FLOUR.

Never has sold as low as now; the rise will surely take place soon; best lay in an extra barrel or two when there is a chance. You cannot loose anything by it, and you have everything to gain by the market going up.
Best quality Gold or City Mills, either in barrels or sacks, $4.00 per bbl.
No. 1 Country Mills Flour, Zanesville Mills, $3.50 per bbl.
People will remember [illegible] years ago, when for a 50 lb sack, and at $5.00 flour has always been considered away down. Don't be too late in securing a barrel or two at the price, $3.75.

You Will be Sure to Save a Good 20 Per Cent. by Purchasing at

FORT WAYNE FRUIT HOUSE.

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INSURANCE.

S. C. LUMBARD,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline House Block.

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Insurance, Real Estate, Loans,
No. 26 East Berry street. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,
Attorney at Law.
Abstractor of Titles.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loan, Collecting and Rental Agent.
Room 26 Bank Block. - - - Fort Wayne, Ind.

UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS.

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Undertaker and Embalmer.
Telephone No. 292. No. 29 Calhoun street.

DRUGGIST.

GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS.
No. 3 Calhoun st., Fort Wayne. Telephone 105.

BANKS.

OLD NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $350,000. Surplus $100,000.
Foreign exchange bought and sold.
Dollar Deposits Received.
Three (3) per cent. interest per annum, paid on certificates of deposit if left four (4) months.
Corner Calhoun and Berry Sts.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $200,000. Surplus $60,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

WHITE NATIONAL BANK.
Fort Wayne, Ind.
Corner of Clinton and Wayne Streets.
Interest paid on certificates of deposit at three (3) per cent. per annum if left four (4) months.
Deposits of $1 cents or more received.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Capital and Surplus, $400,000.00,
Corner Main and Court Streets,
Oldest National Bank in Indiana. Certificates of deposit issued drawing three (3) per cent interest per annum if left four (4) months.
J. H. BASS, President.
LEM. R. HARTMAN, Cashier.

HOTELS.

NEW AVELINE HOUSE—
Newly Painted and Refurnished.
Lumbard & Baker, Proprietors.

ENGRAVER.

ED. O. GLOSE.
ENGRAVER.
Wood and Metal. Cor. Main and Clinton sts

PHYSICIANS.

DR. S. B. HAVICE,
Diseases of the Nose and Throat.
Office Hours, 8 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.
Office: No. 46 W. Berry St. Telephone No. 66.

DR. B. G[illegible] CARD—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, may consult me free of charge at my office, 13 West Wayne street. Telephone 241.

DR. JOHN SEATON—
EYE AND EAR.
Office at Dreier Bros'. Drug Store.

G. W. BOWEN, M. D.
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 11. Office, No. 17 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. P. SLADE.
Eye and Ear.
Fort Wayne, Indiana.
Office at No. 22 W. Berry St. Office
Office hours, 9 to 12, 1 to 5.

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Office and residence, 57 Hulton avenue.
Diseases of Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Nervous Diseases a specialty. Office hours: 8 to 10, 1 to 3, 7 to 9. Telephone, No. 232.

DR. T. J. DILLS—
No. 40 West Berry Street,
DISEASES OF THE
EYE AND EAR.
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m. and 1:30 to 4 p. m.

DR. A. E. BULSON, Jr.
EYE, EAR, NOSE
AND THROAT ONLY.
No. 52, 53, 54 Pixley-Long Block.
Telephone 415. Hours, 9-12 a. m.; 2-4 p. m.

DR. G. W. McCASKEY,
Has removed to his new office building adjoining his residence,
107 West Main St. Telephone No. 141.
Also, No. 16, at Woodworth's Drug Store.
Hours, 11 to 12, 2 to 3 and 7 to 8.
Sundays.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

We have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in our family for years and find it to be the best remedy for croup and cough. We have used it for our children who are all subject to throat trouble, with excellent results. We prize it very highly.
Mrs. FRANK H. YORK,
Oneonta, N. Y.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all dealers.

WANTED.

WANTED—A steady, sober man to collect and canvass. Good salary. W. J. Armstrong, Supt., 22 Pixley Block, Berry St. 27-tf

WANTED—By a young lady of experience, a position as stenographer. Not afraid to work. Address, E. S., care Sentinel office. tf

WANTED—Washing and ironing to do, at my residence. Will call for and deliver same. Address, or call on Mrs. Mary Blakley, 46 West Main street, rear part. 17-tf

WANTED—Boarding: private christian families who would like to give a home to one or two young men at reasonable prices, should send their names to D. F. Bower, general secretary of the city department Y. M. C. A. 12-tf

HAVE in my possession a medicine that will cure coughs and colds, and stop hemorrhages of the lungs and heal them, and also gives an appetite. All who are afflicted and wish to try this remedy can call at 14 Murray st. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At the Sentinel Office, bound copies of revised ordinances. 1-tf

FOR SALE—Square piano; will sell cheap. Call at Sentinel office for particulars. 8-tf

FOR SALE—Saloon, with license, fixtures and stock. Will sell cheap. Sickness cause of selling. Address, P. H., this office. 26-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Rooms with board at 25 West Washington street. 21-tf

FOR RENT—Frame house No. 405 Broadway and land adjoining. Inquire at Nuttman Co.'s bank. 17-tf

FOR RENT—At 151 East Berry street, house of 7 rooms and bath room, with all modern improvements. Inquire at 157 East Berry st. 25-tf

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room suitable for single gentleman; three squares from Calhoun street. Apply at 165 East Washington street. 18-tf

FOR RENT—Brick house with seven rooms, natural gas and water works, No. 198 Hanna street. For particulars call on M. Frank, 196 Hanna street. 24-tf

FOR RENT—Hall, convenient and centrally located in the city; would prefer to rent to lodges or union; is nicely furnished; will rent cheap to right parties. Address, H. H. U., care Sentinel. 48-tf

FOR RENT—Hall, East, newly furnished; gas for heat and light, water and all modern improvements; suitable for clubs, societies, &c. For terms, &c., apply to James Madden, 176 Calhoun st. 18-tf

LOST.

LOST—Gold bar pin with red H back. Finder will receive reward by leaving same at Sentinel office. 27-tf

HOW TO BUILD A HOME.

HOMES FOR SALE.—I will build any style house you want on any of my lots and sell on monthly payments. Now is the time to look for a home and stop paying rent, as property is advancing very rapidly in our city, and in five, six or eight years you can own your own home.
J. F. SAWYER.
tf 10 and 11 Pixley & Long Block.

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WILEY
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 10 Madison street, specialty—Diseases of women. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.; from 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.
Telephone No. [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums from $100 to $10,000. Reasonable interest. Notes bought and sold. City and farm property sold and exchanged. Sell houses on monthly payments. [illegible] 40 acres good land, [illegible]; 7-room house, $1,400, $25 cash and [illegible] per month; eight-room house, [illegible], and a 6-room house, $1,[illegible], $50 cash and $10 per month; also, 5 a res, 1½ miles from city, price $100, good sandy land, easy payments.
Roby & Dorsey,
[14-tf] Room 20 Bank Block.

MONEY TO LOAN—The Tri-state Building and Loan Association will loan you money to pay a mortgage or build you a home at a less rate than anyone else. Do not pay rent or a high rate of interest when you can get the money of the Tri-state Building and Loan Association at a low rate and on such easy terms. One thousand dollars at $13, $14 or $15 per month, to suit borrower. Call at the office of the Association, rooms 18 and 44 Pixley and Long block and secure full particulars. 22-tf

LAKESIDE—The building season of 1892, now about to close, has seen many handsome improvements in beautiful Lakeside. Nearly 800 people are already residents of that pretty suburb. The coming year is likely to surpass all others in the number of new and beautiful homes that will be erected. Get your plans ready at once. You can make a better contract early in the winter than late in the spring. The Land company will loan you money with which to buy a lot and build. You can pay back in small monthly installments. 21-tf

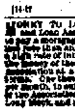
MONEY TO LOAN—In sums of $100 to $10,000. Lowest rates and easiest terms. Mortgage notes and commercial paper bought and sold.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

| | |
|---|---|
| New 7-room dwelling, W. Superior st., | $1,400 |
| Nice 8-room dwelling, Sargent st., | 1,150 |
| Choice 8-room dwelling, E. Wayne st., | 1,700 |
| New 5-room dwelling, Archer ave., | 1,000 |

City and suburban property, lots, acres, additions, farms, business chances, etc., for sale and exchange. J. F. Curran, Rooms 3 and 4 White Bank Building. [illegible]

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!
Stop Paying Rent! Own Your Home!
If you want money to buy a home,
Or to pay off a mortgage,
Or to improve your property,
Or to help you in any way,
Come to the
Allen Co. Loan & Savings Association.
Rooms 6 and 7 White's Block, and have your wants supplied on the best possible terms for safety and satisfaction to yourself.
T. C. Moores, Sec'y. Ed. White, Pres.



JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP
THE GREAT SKIN CURE
AND FACE BEAUTIFIER.
Medicated and Toilet.
Removes Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moles and prevents Redness and Roughness and the tilly appearance of the Skin, and restores the LOST COMPLEXION by opening the pores of the skin and removing the bad effects of powder and cosmetic washes.
LADIES will find the Oriental Soap superior to all others for softening and beautifying the skin. Gentlemen will find its use invaluable after SHAVING. It prevents Roughness of the Skin and is a Luxury for the Bath. FOR INFANTS it is worth its weight in gold, as it instantly allays the most severe itching and burning, heals raw and irritated surfaces, removes scales and crusts and keeps the scalp healthy and promotes the growth of the hair. MOTHERS and NURSES will find it absolutely superior to all other Medicated Soaps, for the Nursery and Bath. Price 25 cts. (3)
GROSS & FELLERS, Druggists and Sole Agents, 94 Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

PAUL E. WOLF,
UPHOLSTERER OF
Fine Parlor Suits,
Easy Chairs, Rockers,
Single Lounges, Bed Lounges,
All kinds of Couches
And Sofas.
Nos. 33 and 35 Clinton St.
Telephone No. 404,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane [illegible]

# CAST YOUR OPTICS

## Over the News Found in This Column.

### It Gives Personal Points and Paragraphs About the Men on the Railroads and in the Factories.

Foreman Geo. H. Judy is at Chicago on business.

The Lake Erie and Western will move all their shops from Lafayette.

Engineers C. Ward, J. Warman, Tom Ryan and J. Lamar are on the sick list.

Pittsburg Fireman C. A. Snyder is off duty attending to some private business.

Joseph Carey, after an illness of some time, has returned to work at the Pittsburg shops.

Patrick O'Brien, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shops, is off duty on account of sickness.

Engineer William Doty, of the Pittsburg, has reported for duty, after having been sick for some time.

Grand Master Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, is out west in the interest of the order.

George Smith and F. Simonson, firemen on the Pennsylvania road, have reported for duty after a sick vacation.

Firemen E. Henschen, J. J. Stocks, W. K. Kilgore and J. L. Wilson, of the Pennsylvania company, are off duty on account of sickness.

Patrick Lannigan, the veteran watchman at the Calhoun street crossing of the Pittsburg and Wabash railroads, has been off duty for a few days on account of the death of his daughter.

F. A. Tegtmeyer, machinist at the Pittsburg round house, returned to work this morning. He was married a few evenings ago, and was given a warm greeting when he made his appearance at the shops this morning.

Engineer Dunham and Conductor Pates, who had charge of the local freight that was in the wreck at Philadelphia, on the Indianapolis division of the Pennsylvania, have been dismissed by Superintendent Darlington.

Wm. Palmer, the well known blacksmith at the Bass works, is being congratulated over the arrival of a bright-eyed baby at his home, on Tabor street. William is one of the popular employes of the works and every fellow in the establishment is smoking cigars today at his expense.

Practical railroad men account it a great triumph that they have knocked out the old theory that every engineer must have his own pet engine and must not be asked to run any other. Until only a few years ago this was the rule even on the greatest roads. Each engineer grew accustomed to and fond of an engine and believed he could get good work out of it, while a stranger to it would be sure to have the same trouble that he would expect with a strange engine. That is all changed now, and engineers are expected to leave their sentimental notions at home and take out whatever engine they are assigned to.

Messenger George Ward, of the Lake Erie and Western railroad, whose home is in this city, tells of a peculiar accident which befell a sleighing party at Muncie Wednesday. In the party were a man, two ladies and a baby. They were about to drive across the track, but noticing the train approaching the driver attempted to back the horses. One of the ladies, losing her presence of mind leaped from the sleigh with her baby clasped to her breast. She fell across the track directly in front of the approaching engine. One of the horses stepped on her and in some manner his shoe became entangled in her dress and as he backed he pulled the lady and her babe from the track just in time to save their lives. The babe was uninjured but the lady received painful injuries. The affair was witnessed by several persons who were so badly frightened that they were unable to render any assistance.

Superintendent of Telegraph Kinsman, of the Wabash, says that operators were not discharged from the service of the company because they were union men, and cites as proof of his assertion that H. N. Baker, the man who caused the strike on the Santa Fe road is now in the Wabash employ at Moberly, Mo. Mr. Kinsman goes on to say: "The Wabash telegraph department is just now reducing expenses by closing a number of smaller and less important telegraph offices. This is said to be due to dull business. The earnings of this road in December, 1892, were $200,000 less than those of the corresponding month of 1891. An order from the general manager instructed all heads of departments that no new work must be undertaken until there was a better showing in the receipts. The order was to economize as much as possible. The fact that the order was sent out just about the time that trouble with the telegraphers seemed probable, gave rise to the talk that the small offices were being closed to help down the O. R. T."

STREET RAILROAD GOSSIP.

The heavy snows of this month have been especially severe upon the electric street car service in this city and the company deserve considerable praise for the excellent way in which they have accommodated the public. A heavy snow storm would fall, and yet within a few hours, with their snow sweeping cars and scrapers, the tracks would be cleared and travel on them resumed with its usual rapidity.

"How long does it take you to run around the Belt line?" was the question put to a street car motorman by THE SENTINEL reporter this morning, while he was making his daily rounds of the shops and railroads.

"Usually about thirty minutes;" was the reply, "hardly ever longer than that, unless we are delayed at railroad crossings, or have a great number of stops to make. I have often run the round in eighteen minutes and then made some thirty stops for passengers. The distance around the Belt line is three and one-half miles, and making it in eighteen minutes is pretty good time, isn't it."

"Your job hasn't been a very soft snap this month?" said the reporter.

"You bet not," was the quick reply. "With the thermometer down below the zero point, as it has been many a day, it is no fun to stand out here, turn the brakes and keep your eyes out for danger. But then one gets sort of used to it and we console ourselves with the thought that zero weather don't come every day in the year. Now watch this car whiz. The street is clear and I'll show you how fast we can go," and, turning the crank, away the car speeded down West Creighton avenue, making its mile in less than three minutes.

SNOW PLOWS.

The Pennsylvania car shops here are making another new snow plow for use in cleaning their tracks of snow. They completed the first one about a week ago and it did excellent service. It is placed in front of locomotives and cleans off the snow for eighteen inches on the outside of each rail besides removing it from the space between the rails to within two inches of the ground. When switches and crossings are reached the apparatus can be raised by air and no injury done. The plow can be propelled at the rate of forty miles an hour and do good work at this speed. It makes the snow fly in clouds as it speeds through the country and is a pretty sight indeed when in operation. A test of the plow was made last week between this city and Chicago. A number of the officials of the company witnessed it and were highly pleased. Hereafter snow storms on the Pennsylvania road will not be the impediment to travel that they have been in times past.

DISTINGUISHED OFFICIALS.

The special car, No. 292, of the Pennsylvania company, which passed through this city last night at 8 o'clock, had on board General Superintendent Chas. Watts, of Pittsburg, and his clerk and stenographer. They were bound from Chicago to Pittsburg.

Theodore N. Ely, general superintendent of motive power of the Pennsylvania company, passed through this city this morning on the limited on his way from Chicago to Altoona, Pa.

Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent F. Van Dusen, of the Pennsylvania, was a passenger on the limited this morning on his way to Pittsburg.

Salvation Oil, the greatest cure on earth for pain, is universally accepted by horsemen and veterinarians as the ne plus ultra of liniments.

### Life in Burmah.

When a Burman has earned a little money he immediately proceeds to spend it all, for the Burmese have no ambition to be rich and never hoard. Consequently there are no large land-owners, and there being no aristocracy the people are as near being on an equality as possible.

Poor people are quite as rare as rich people, and the only beggars to be met with are the lepers, who sit on the steps of the pagodas. Should a Burman find himself in possession of a large sum of money, he builds a pagoda, and possibly a zayat or resthouse. If any money still remains he gives a theatrical performance.—[Fortnightly Review.

Wm. McCarthy, of 122 E. 8th St., Cincinnati, Ohio, writes: "I used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in my family with good results." We recommend it to all heads of families as the best.

### First Game of the Season.

January 17th a very interesting game of ball (?) occurred between two rival nines, the Remington and the Smith Premier.

The game was instituted by the Remington side, and as they were somewhat short of expert players owing to their battered condition having for some time been playing in "cold" and "stormy" weather against a "strong team," their best support had become badly injured, so they called to their assistance several players from other nines. Yost as pitcher, Caligraph as catcher, Densmore as first base, Franklin on second base, Brooks as center fielder, Fowler (outsider) as short stop, and several others representing nines of about the same character in reserve.

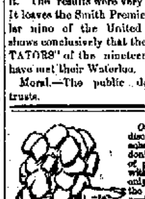
The game opened at the appointed time with Mr. Public umpire. Mr. Remington took the bat. From the outset they were unable to hit any of the Smith Premier balls. Seemans went out on three strikes. Wycoff followed with the same result. Fowler fouled out. Smith taking the bat made a three base hit, and a home run, and was again at the bat when the ball was found.

During the four innings that followed the results were practically the same except Mr. Benedict got out of "align" and was called out.

The weather being bad the umpire called the game, which stood as follows: Five innings played. Remington charged with all the errors and had made no scores. The Smith Premier walked off with the pendant and a clean record.

The public had long been looking for this game and were much interested in it. The results were very satisfactory. It leaves the Smith Premier the popular nine of the United States, and shows conclusively that the great "DICTATORS" of the nineteenth century have met their Waterloo.

Moral.—The public do not like trusts.



Overloaded and disordered stomachs and bowels don't need a dose of physic. That, with its violence, only upsets them the more. They need a dose or two of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. That cleanses and regulates them mildly and gently, but thoroughly and effectively.

They're the original little Liver Pills, these tiny, sugar-coated anti-bilious granules—the smallest and the easiest to take. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels are prevented, relieved, and cured.

Put up in sealed vials—a perfect vest-pocket remedy, always convenient, fresh, and reliable.

They're the cheapest pills you can buy, for they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for the good you get.

Can you ask more?

### THE THREE KISSES.

The purest kiss
In the world is this—
The kiss that a mother lays
On her child's fresh lips
As he blithely trips
To meet the world and its ways.

The sweetest kiss
In the world is this—
The first long kiss of love,
When time is not,
And earth's forgot,
And Eden drops from above.

The saddest kiss
In the world is this—
The kiss on unanswering clay,
When dead lips tell
We must say farewell
Till the dawn of the judgment day.
Susie M. Best.

# HOUSE TO LET.

"Yes," said old Mrs. Pounce, nodding her orange-colored cap-strings, "they put me in—the house agency did—to take care of the house, with a bright-painted 'to let' stuck up in front of the area-windows, and coal and house rent free. Which I don't deny my dear, is an object to a lone female like me, with neither chick nor child and my own way to make in the world, with fine laundressing out of the question on account of rheumatism in the finger joints.

"You look like a respectable person, Mrs. Pounce, that has seen better days," was what the house-agent said when he handed over the keys, "and," says he, "I think we may trust you to take good care of our doorsteps and windows, show applicants over the house and answer all questions.

"You may say so, sir," says I, with a courtesy; "there's many houses I've had charge of and never a fault has been found yet. And this shan't be the first one," says I.

"We've a large business, says Mr. Eagle, "and if you give satisfaction, Mrs. Pounce," says he, as civil spoken as possible, "it's likely you'll never be without a roof to your head."

Well, my dear, of all nice houses—and I've seen a many in my day—this was the nicest. Brown-stone front, with a bay window and snug garden planted all in box-borders, hot and cold water all through, a little conservatory with an arched glass roof at the rear and the hall floor covered with real Minton tiles, as made you think you was walking on pictures; walls painted with cupids and Venuses and garlands of flowers and dados of hardwood all throughout. Neighborhood most desirable; drainage and sewerage perfect and churches conveniently near. Excuse me, my dear, it sounds like an advertisement, but Mr. Eagle, the agent, wrote it down for me and I never rested until I had committed it all to memory so I could speak it off easy like, without stops or hitches. And this I will say, as can't be said of all advertisements, there wasn't a word in the agent's description but what the house bore out!

And the board hadn't been up twenty-four hours before there was a rush to look at the house. Young married folks as wanted to give up apartments; old married folks as wasn't suited with their location; boarding-house keepers as made believe they were private families; and private families as wanted to take a few select boarders. But the rent was put up tolerably high and most of 'em dropped off after I'd named the sum.

"Never mind, Mrs. Pounce—never mind," says Mr. Eagle, rubbing his hands. "It's a house there'll be no difficulty in letting without any reduction of rent. Just wait," says he, "until the spring sets in."

But one day in trots an old gentleman with gold spectacles and a smooth shaven face and "business" written in every wrinkle of his forehead.

"This house to let ma'am?" says he.

"Yes, sir," says I.

"Can I look at it?" says he.

"Certainly, sir," says I. I began, as smooth as oil, about the hot and cold water, the marble-floored bathroom and the Minton tiles, when, all of a sudden, he put up both hands in a warning sort of way.

"That'll do, ma'am," says he, "that'll do. I've eyes and can see for myself."

"Certainly, sir," says I; but I won't deny as I was taken aback by that queer, dictatorial way of his.

"Any ghosts about this place, ma'am?" says he.

"Sir?" says I.

"Ghosts," says he, out loud and sharp. "Mysterious footsteps—lurking shadows, clanking chains at midnight!"

"Mercy, no, sir!" says I, beginning to feel my flesh creep all over.

"Rats?" says he.

"Certainly not," says I, "with solid cemented cellar floor and sealed boards."

"Beetles?" says he.

"Look for yourself, sir," says I, bridling up a little.

"I like the house," says he, after he had gone sniffing about the drain-pipes and peered into the coal cellar and wine vault and sounded the copper boiler with his knuckles, just for all the world as if he was in the plumbing business. "You may tell the agent I'll take it, if he and I can come to terms about the rent. When shall you see him?"

"Most likely this afternoon, sir."

"I'll drop in at his office to-morrow at nine," says he. "I'm going to be married," says he, as composed as if he were saying that he was going to take a blue pill. "And the house will suit my wife's ideas. She thinks we're going to board," says he, with an odd sort of chuckle in his throat, "and she's not a bit pleased with the idea. It'll be a pleasant surprise for her," says he.

Well, no sooner had he gone than in comes a stout, middle-aged lady, in a black silk dress, rows of curls on either side of her face and cheeks as red as any cabbage rose.

"I have just come from Mr. Eagle's office, says she. "He has given me the refusal of this house in case it suits me."

"I don't know, ma'am," says I, "but it's let already."

"Let already?" she said with a sort of scream. "But that's impossible. Don't I tell you I have the refusal of it? Show me the premises at once."

Well I was in a pretty puzzle as you may believe; but I went all over the house with the curly lady and she declared it met her fancy exactly.

"Possession on the first of May, I suppose?" says she.

"Yes, ma'am," says I, "if—"

"There's no if in the question," says she, as short as pie-crust. "You may take down the 'To Let,' my good woman."

I courtesied very low, but I says to myself: "Not if I know it, ma'am, not without orders from the agent himself."

Away went the lady with the curly hair and the rose-red cheeks, and I was just putting on my hat to run around to the house agency, when in comes Mr. Eagle himself, all smiles.

"Well, Mrs. Pounce," said he, "so the house is let?"

"To my thinking, sir," said I, "it's let twice over."

"And I up and told him about my old gentleman.

"Dear me," says he, "this is very perplexing. At what time was this personage here?"

"The clock struck twelve, sir, says I, "just as he went away."

Mr. Eagle hit himself a blow over the forehead like a play actor.

"Confusion worse confounded!" says he. "It was twelve precisely when my customer left the office. We can't split the house in two, can we?" says he. "Well, we must tell your old gentleman just how it happened. I dare say he'll be reasonable about it."

But he wasn't reasonable. Mr. Eagle told me afterward; he never saw any one in such a rage.

"I've taken the house," says he, "and I'll have it, cost what it may. Do you say that the rent is 200 pounds? I'll give you 250 pounds down; if my claim and that of this lady are equally good, the question of price must settle it."

Well, we supposed—me and Mr. Eagle—as that was the end of the matter. But not a bit of it. The lady come that afternoon with an upholsterer and a tape measure to see about the carpets.

"Two hundred and fifty pounds, indeed!" says she, with the toss of the curls. "It will take more than a paltry 250 pounds to unsettle my plans. I'll give 300 pounds sooner than I'll lose the house!"

When my old gentleman hears this he grinds his teeth in a manner as was fearful to hear.

"It's my house," says he, "and I will have it. 350 pounds, Eagle."

"Come," says Mr. Eagle, "matters are getting lively. Real estate is looking up in the market," says he.

But you should have heard what a whistle he gave when I told him, the very next day, that the curly lady had authorized me to offer four hundred.

"I'll not stand this any longer," says Mr. Eagle, jumping up and sending the papers flying all over the office table. "I've a conscience. If fate has made a real estate agent of me. Tell her to come around this afternoon and sign the lease. Four hundred pounds is twice what we asked and we asked all the property was worth to begin with."

So the curly lady had her own way after all.

The bald-headed old gentleman stamped out in a pretty rage when he heard the house was let.

"I'll sue the agency," said he. "I'll have the house if it costs me all I'm worth!"

"Oh, hush, sir, hush!" says I, all in a tremble. "Here comes Miss Wix now."

"Who?" says he.

"Miss Wix," says I. "The lady as has taken the house."

And I got behind the door, fully expecting a scene, after all that had gone and gone. But to my surprise she gave a little shriek and flew into his arms.

"Dear Josh!" says she.

"Dearest Barbara!" says he.

"How on earth came you here?" says she.

"I was looking for a desirable residence for you, my own angel," says he.

"You duck!" says she.

"And I thought this would exactly suit you.

"Oh!" says she, it does. And I've taken it for £400 a year. It seems a good deal of money to pay, but I've been driven to it by a horrid old cormorant who was determined to have the house at any price. However—"

"Barbara," says the old gentleman, with a little, gasping sound in his throat, as if he was swallowing a lump, "that cormorant was I!"

"You don't mean—" says she.

"That we've been bidding against each other," says the old gentleman. "Yes we have."

"And I was going to give you a pleasant surprise," says she, pulling out her handkerchief.

It is a surprise," says he. "But as for the pleasure of it—never mind, Barbara. Let's go in and measure for the carpets and curtains. Let bygones be bygones—but the next time we drive a bargain perhaps it might be as well to confide in each other. Two hundred pounds a year—on a five years' lease—is almost too much to pay for a pleasant surprise!"

"So that settled the matter, my dear," said old Mrs. Pounce. "They were married in a month and they came here to live. And of all my experience in house-letting this beats everything—and so everybody says, my dear, who hears the story."—Baltimore World.

### The World's Coffee Canister.

Brazil is the largest coffee producer in the world, and the great bulk comes from her two provinces of Rio Janeiro and Santos, the latter furnishing the greater part of it and the finer coffee. Some quantity comes from the provinces of Bahia and Ceara, both a part of Brazil. Rio Janeiro and Santos export every year from 5,750,000 to 7,000,000 bags of 130 pounds each. Rio was formerly the largest exporter, but Santos is rapidly outstripping her.

Santos coffee is higher grade, has a finer flavor, and as a rule commands more money than other South American coffees. All other coffees are called "mild" as contradistinguished from Brazilian.

The largest producers of coffee are Brazil, Venezuela, Guatemala, Costa Rica, United States of Colombia, Mexico (producing a high grade which is very popular, and the output is rapidly increasing), West Indies, Hayti and San Domingo. Cuba was a large grower of coffee, but the sugar interests have overshadowed it, and she now imports from this country. Little coffee is produced in Africa. Liberia and Zanzibar grow a small quantity. Manila is not a factor in the coffee trade of America. Small quantities come here, but most of the product goes to Europe.

Ceylon has been the largest single producer of coffee in the world; but owing to the exhaustion of the soil primarily and later to a leaf disease, it has rapidly fallen into the background.

Java, or East India coffee, is an important element in the coffee trade, is very popular and largely used. Mocha coffee is all shipped from Aden to London and Paris and transhipped here. This is supposed to be the coffee par excellence. It is an acid, light bodied coffee, and does not command as high a price as some Javas or some of the finer grades of Central American coffee. The finest coffee in the world comes from the Plantation Ceylon, situated in the mountains in the interior of the island. Private growth Javas are very choice, and are probably equal to the best Ceylon. Mocha seed coffee from Santos is esteemed very highly, and large quantities of it are used for Mocha.—[New York Herald.

### Plentiful Fish.

Stranger—Why do you fish in this lake? There are no fish in it.

Fisherman—I know, there are no fish here. That's the very reason I do my fishing here. It doesn't worry me in the least when I don't get a bite.—Texas Siftings.

## THE BODY AND ITS HEALTH.

GENIUS AND SUICIDE.—Dr. Charles W. Pilgrim, writing on "Genius and Suicide," shows that a mind that is abnormally developed on any one side is in much danger of becoming unbalanced.

INFLUENCE OF DIET ON THE VOICE.—Fine voices, according to Good Health, are seldom found in a country where fish or meat diet prevails. Those Italians who eat the most fish (those of Naples and Genoa) have few fine singers among them. The sweet voices are found in the Irish women of the country, and not of the towns. Norway is not a country of singers, because they eat too much fish; but Sweden is a country of grain and song. The carnivorous birds croak; grain eating birds sing.

THE INFLUENZA.—As we are told that we are again to see something of our unwelcome visitor the grip this winter, a few hints, says a writer in the Tribune, may not be amiss about the preventives which have been found most efficacious in arresting the spread of the contagion. Physicians seem at last to have arrived at the conclusion that this type of influenza "is an eminently infectious complaint, communicable in the ordinary personal relations of individuals one with another." It becomes the duty of every one (and of housekeepers in particular) to prevent the spread of the disease. In the first place, every part of the house must be in perfect sanitary condition. Let every drain be thoroughly examined, and inaugurate a frequent use of disinfectants. It is needless to say that the cleaner a house is kept, and the freer from all accumulations of refuse of all kinds, the better. If any member of the family is attacked by the grip, separate him at once from the rest of the household, and be careful that nothing that he uses or touches comes in contact with the others. Books and papers, especially, should not be used after a sojourn in the sick room, unless thoroughly disinfected; a little precaution in this way may entirely prevent the spread of the trouble. Now that we recognize the terribly exhaustive nature of the disease, we are much better able than formerly to cope with the severe after effects which have in so many cases proved far worse than the illness itself. One great preventive of the after-trouble is to take extra food between regular meal times, a glass of warm milk, for example, or a fresh egg beaten up in a cup of tea. It will be found that nourishing and simple remedies of this kind are far better than alcoholic stimulants. At bed-time, too, some strong broth should be taken, and it is a good plan to have a glass of port wine and a biscuit at hand if the patient should wake in the night. Meanwhile there should be, if possible, for several weeks after an attack of the grip, complete rest of the mind and body.

A WYOMING Sheriff, being called upon to arrest a fellow who had publicly insulted two women, wished to save the county the cost and delay of a trial. He took the offender to his office, told him to strip for a fight, and then thumped him into penitence of heart as well as a condition of body fitting him for hospital treatment. This method of dealing out even-handed and two-handed justice is, perhaps, crude, but it is cheap and charmingly devoid of technicality.

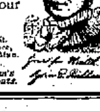
*Woman's Influence.*

Delicate women may exert much influence, but little in comparison with what it would be with abundant health.

The wife wants health that she may be the companion of her husband and her family.

Beware of dizziness, sudden faintness, irritability, backache, nervousness, extreme lassitude, depression, exhaustion, excitability, and sick headache.

These are sure indications of female weakness, some derangement of the uterus or womb; they are danger signals, which warn you to avoid a life of misery. *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound* goes to the root of the trouble, and drives disease from your body.



All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents.

### The Race-Track.

On a certain day recently, the daily newspapers were flaming with the announcement that a horse had trotted a mile in two minutes and four seconds. Every reader was supposed to take great interest in this fact, which was, for the matter of that, no doubt a wonderful achievement.

On the very same day, many newspapers had another story of the race-track to tell. On a trotting course near Boston, a young trotting mare was being driven in a race.

She had trotted the first and second heats, under all the excitement which spirited horses feel at such a time, straining every muscle and nerve to do her master's bidding.

A third time she was brought out, and began to trot another heat. Again she bent all her energies to exceed the speed of the other horses. She was bounding along the track, her eyes aflame, her nostrils panting, her weight thrown forward in obedience to the driver's word and whip, when she suddenly dropped to the ground—dead.

She had burst a blood vessel in her dumb effort to do what was desired of her. Like many another horse on the race-course, she had been driven to death. But all the comment which the people about the place had to make about the matter was that the mare was worth $20,000, and it was a great pity that her owner should lose such a valuable animal.

What a long story of inhumanity to animals, as well as of degradation of human beings, has been the history of bringing the "trotting record" down to two minutes and four seconds!

The Advertising

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is always within the bounds of reason because it is true; it always appeals to the sober, common sense of thinking people because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements which, in the financial world, would be accepted without a moment's hesitation.

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend Hood's Pills.

A Cure for Croup.

If your children are subject to croup, always keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at hand. It is a prompt and certain cure. If given as soon as the croupy cough appears it will prevent the attack. For sale by druggists.

Nierman's Pharmacy, Telephone 477, 88 Calhoun street.

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup"

Has been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, 25c a bottle. Jan 27-1yr.

MASONIC TEMPLE.
MONDAY, JAN. 30.
The Splendid Tragedian,
MR. CHARLES HANFORD,
—AS—
MARC ANTHONY.
—IN—
Shakespeare's Greatest Tragedy,
JULIUS CÆSAR,
Supported by
MR. E. R. SPENCER, as Cassius,
MR. BENNETT MATLACK, as Brutus
Presented with all the Original Scenery used by
BOOTH & BARRETT.
Prices, 25c to $1.00.
Seats on Sale at Box Office.

The Paper on Which "The Sentinel" is Printed is Furnished by
FISHER BROTHERS.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
PAPER
Of All Kinds.
STATIONARY, ETC.
125 CALHOUN STREET,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

ONE
KIND
WORD
WITH
YOU!

You Want It.
Your Wife Wants It.
Your Children Want It.
Your Father Wants It.
Your Mother Wants It.
Your Uncles and Aunts Want It.
Your Feelings Demand It.

DON'T BORROW IT.
DON'T LEND IT. } IT IS TOO GOOD.

YOU MUST HAVE IT YOURSELF.

THE EVENING SENTINEL.

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONLY 10 CTS. PER WEEK.

TELL YOUR NEIGHBORS TO TRY IT ONE WEEK AND THEY WILL KEEP IT AS LONG AS THEY LIVE.

The Pennsylvania Station.
Pennsylvania Lines.
Trains Run by Central Time
as Follows:
* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

| From Ft. Wayne to | Leave | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| Valparaiso and Chicago | * 1.25 a m | * 5.50 a m |
| New York and Washington | * 3.25 a m | * 1.15 a m |
| Youngstown & Pittsburg | * 6.30 a m | * 1.15 a m |
| Lima and Crestline | † 7.05 a m | † 6.45 p m |
| Valparaiso and Chicago | † 7.00 a m | †12.50 p m |
| Plymouth and Chicago | * 3.15 a m | * 4.30 p m |
| Valparaiso and Chicago | †12.30 p m | †12.20 p m |
| Canton and Pittsburg | †12.45 p m | †11.50 a m |
| New York & Washington | * 4.25 p m | † 5.40 a m |
| Pittsburg & Philadelphia | * 4.45 p m | * 5.40 a m |
| Warsaw and Plymouth | † 4.40 p m | † 8.45 a m |
| Valparaiso and Chicago | * 6.05 p m | * 7.20 p m |
| New York & Washington | * 6.00 p m | * 4.05 p m |
| Pittsburg & Philadelphia | * 6.01 p m | * 4.00 p m |
| New York & Washington | * 9.00 p m | * 7.40 a m |
| Pittsburg & Philadelphia | * 9.00 p m | * 5.30 a m |
| Valparaiso & Chicago, arr. except Mon. | | 1.36 a m |

CINCINNATI, WABASH & MICHIGAN RY.
(The Elkhart Line).

| Trains leave Wabash going north. | Trains leave Wabash going south. |
|---|---|
| No. 1, 5:25 p m | No. 2, 11:00 p m |
| No. 3, 11:30 a m | No. 4, 1:30 p m |
| | No. 6, 6:35 a m |

W. B. BALDWIN, G. P. and T. A.
*Sunday only. Elkhart, Ind.

TIME TABLE

THE WABASH LINE

TRAINS [illegible] CARRYING PASSENGERS LEAVE

FORT WAYNE,
Schedule in effect Aug. 16, 1891.

| GOING EAST. | DEPART |
|---|---|
| New York and Boston Limited, daily | [illegible] |
| Toledo Express, except Sunday | [illegible] |
| Atlantic Express, daily | [illegible] |
| Local Freight | [illegible] |
| GOING WEST. | DEPART |
| Pacific Express, daily | [illegible] |
| Kansas City Express, except Sunday | 1 40 pm |
| Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday | [illegible] |
| St. Louis Limited, daily | [illegible] |

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

Lv. Fort Wayne. Ar. Indianapolis. [illegible]

Through New York Pullman Sleeping Cars, dining car and new free chair cars on the New York Vestibule Limited. [illegible] Buffalo sleeping car on Pacific Limited Express.

Kansas City Express and Cannon Ball has new free reclining chair cars and Palace Sleepers to Kansas City.
R. G. Thompson,
Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

NICKEL PLATE.
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R.R.

| Effective Oct. 23rd, 1892. | Arrive. | Depart. |
|---|---|---|
| Cleveland & Buffalo Pass., east | 1 30 pm | 1 45 pm |
| Cleveland & Buffalo Ex. east | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Local Freight, east | [illegible] | 6 10 am |
| Chicago Passenger, west | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago Express, west | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Local Freight, west | [illegible] | 6 45 am |

Chicago Express daily except Monday.
Other trains daily except Sunday.
Buffet Sleeping Cars on Express Trains.

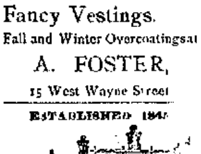
GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.
Time Table for Ft. Wayne, in Effect Dec. 18, 1892
[illegible]

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN Railway.—Fort Wayne Branch.
[illegible]

FT. W., C. & L. R. R.
LOCAL TIME TABLE.
[illegible]

NOBBY
Fall - Styles
—IN—
Worsted Suitings,
Scotch Cheviots.
Landau Novelties in
Fine Trowserings,
Fancy Vestings.
Fall and Winter Overcoatings at
A. FOSTER,
15 West Wayne Street

ESTABLISHED 1845



J. C. PELTIER,
17 W. Wayne St.
Office Telephone, No. 2[illegible]
Residence Telephone, No. 1[illegible]

ROBERT SPICE.
WATERWORKS AND
GENERAL - PLUMBING!
Natural Gas Fitting.
A full line of waterworks and plumbing goods, pumps, wind mills and Drive Wells.
48 W. Main St. - Telephone 261

E. KRAMER,
SIGN PAINTER.
90 EAST MAIN STREET.
Finest and Best Work. Cheapest in the city.

Larger Quarters.
Better Accommodations
—AND—
More Private.
THE
BUFFINGTON
INSTITUTE,
For the cure of
Liquor, Morphine and
Tobacco Habit,
Has been moved to
544 South Calhoun St.
Where patients can be treated and cured. Any one can be treated and attend to their daily occupation at the same time.

Men that have been slaves to the use of alcoholic stimulants for the past ten, fifteen or twenty years, have no desire for whisky after taking the treatment for from thirty-six to forty-eight hours, and have a fearful horror for the miserable fate they have escaped.
Call or address,
BUFFINGTON INSTITUTE,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

I have removed to
Corner Lewis and
Calhoun Streets (opposite Library Hall).
James Madden,
Plumber, Steam
and Gas
Fitter.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as trustee of Adolph Schultz, will on Tuesday, February 7, 1893, between the hours of 2 o'clock a. m. and 10 o'clock p. m., and from day to day thereafter between the same hours until sold, at No. 364 South Calhoun street, in the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, sell at public sale, the entire stock of hardware, tinware, glass, paints, oils and other articles of property, including stove fixtures, stoves, furniture, etc., situate in said building, property which was assigned by said Adolph Schultz to me, as trustee, which property will be sold in bulk or parcels.

Terms of Sale—Cash or upon credit, for a period not exceeding one year; purchaser executing for purchase money notes with approved sureties, waiving valuation and appraisement laws, bearing six per cent. interest from date.

I reserve the right to reject any and all bids. Until said Feb. 7, 1893, I will sell any of said property at private sale, and I will also, on said 7th day of February, 1893, between said hours offer for sale, at public sale, the following described real estate: Lot numbered 67 in Lasselle's addition to the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, subject to the payment of mortgage for $1,540, existing thereon, on following terms:

One-third cash, one third in six months and one-third in one year. For deferred payments purchaser to execute notes with approved sureties, bearing six per cent interest.
Jan. 3, 1893. M. A. NOLL,
34-tf Assignee.

FOR RENT!
After January 1st, 1893.
For a Period of Five Or Ten Years.

The Five-Story Building next door to the Sentinel Office, on Calhoun St., Occupied by J. A. Armstrong, as a Wholesale Milliney Store.

CALL AT SENTINEL OFFICE

H. J. ASH'S
Elegant New Stove House is open. He is showing a large and handsome line of Stoves at lower prices than ever. It will do you good to examine his Bright New Stock of Kitchen Furnishing Goods. Store open every evening until 9 o'clock. If you are in need of a Stove or Kitchen Goods do not fail to see his stock all marked at bottom Cash Price.
16 EAST COLUMBIA STREET.

Hallo! Hallo!
Give me them a brush, the Broadway Paper Men. I am sick and tired looking at my dirty walls, when they are almost giving the wall paper away. Greatman [illegible] They are practical paper hangers and painters and I know they will do me a good job. They will go anywhere in Fort Wayne and Allen county and hang paper. Don't forget the place!
HEINE & ISRAEL,
No. 118 Broadway. Fort Wayne, Ind.

ROBERT OGDEN.
Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting. Metropolitan Automatic Injector.
General Repairing.
26 EAST BERRY ST.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON,
PLUMBERS,
Steam and Gas Fitter
48 East Main St.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

# WE WILL NOT INVOICE

UNTIL THE

# LATTER PART OF NEXT WEEK.

Our Reduction Sales

Keep on Till Then.

## THE GOOD LINENS

Will be sold at the same low prices until inventory. The Towel Tables have been renewed by New Damask and Huck Towels. We want you to get your share. It don't come your way often.

Some of the best things in this Cheap Linen stock are the Lunch Cloths, Dresser Scarfs—those Dainty Little Mats. There are just Napkins left of that big lot, at $3 28—3-4 Napkins—the Napkin Bargain of the sale.

**Gentlemen!**

Have another week to get at the bargains in Suitings, Pantings, Overcoatings, Etc. We make Marked Reductions here.

**IMPORTANT!**

In addition to the already unusual attractions of this mammoth Linen Sale, we will offer a fine lot of Irish Cloths and Napkins to match. It is a make that stands high in Belfast. We bought this lot so we could sell them to you at 25 to 35 per cent. less than retail value.

**Roller Toweling**

In all Linen Crash, 4c.
10c Roller Toweling 8 1-3c.
See the Bleached we are giving at 9 and 11 1-2c.

One lot of Colored Border All Linen Se s, at $2 98, worth $3.50 and $4 00.

**The Cloaks**

Have had a lively week—we've done a big business. Something new—a big lot of

**Cheviot Jackets!**

We got hold of 3-4 Jackets in Navy and Black—we add them to the sale, at $2 60 each.

Furs of all kinds at cost.

THIS IS A MONEY SAVING SALE.

There's a few left of those very fine Blankets we are giving at the LOW PRICE. Blankets are good all the time, and to get one of these is a lifetime item.

This is a time to buy LACES. You get everything in this department at a big reduction.

**All Kid Gloves**

During this sale sold at a reduction, a very choice line of Evening Shades in all lengths in stock.

**All Toilet Articles**

Reduced. Perfumery, Soaps, Face Powders, Etc.

**Have You Been Up Among the Rugs?**

# ROOT & COMPANY.

Messrs. Pat McCarty, Richard Dougherty and Mr. and Mrs. John Dougherty, of Huntington, were in attendance at the funeral of the late Bishop Dwenger. They were entertained by Mrs. S. M. Crowe at 209 East Jefferson street while in the city.

O. H. Mahres, a truckman employed by Root & Co., was the victim of a painful accident yesterday. A large box fell on his left arm. The bones of the wrist were broken. Dr. Buchman attended.

Torance Hursh, the young man accused of sending an obscene picture to Miss Philsbaum, was bound over in $300 bond by United States Commissioner Elmer Leonard, the defendant waiving examination. The case will come before the United States grand jury at Indianapolis in June. Hursh will secure bail from a friend in Cedar Creek township.

Herman Strodel has returned from Huntington, where he was visiting relatives.

# ATTEND THE

# SLAUGHTER SALE

OF THE

# ORIGINAL PETE STOCK

OF

CLOTHING, HATS

AND FURNISHING GOODS,

Now Being Sold at the

LOWEST PRICES Ever

Heard of, by

# Sam, Pete & Max.

Fort Wayne Sentinel
FRIDAY, JAN. 27, 1893.

**Persons Desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 173. Where delivery irregular or late, please make immediate complaint to the office.**

**Our Thermometer.**

The position of the mercury between the hours of 7 a. m. and 2 p. m. was as follows:

7 a. m. .......................... 25° above
10 a. m. .......................... 29° above
12 m. .......................... 30° above
2 p. m. .......................... 30° above

**The Weather.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Saturday—For Indiana: Rain or snow; warmer; southerly winds.

## FRESH LOCAL LINES.

George Smith, of Whitewater, Wis., is visiting in the city.

Miss Anna Empie is visiting the Misses Mattie and Lillie Clark, in Bluffton.

A gentleman holding ticket No. 32 drew a fine horse in a raffle on Fairfield avenue.

A dog of Henry Franke was run over and killed by a street car on Lewis street yesterday.

Seventy-two Huntington people attended the funeral services of the late Rt. Rev. Bishop Dwenger.

The curling club is contesting for a medal on the St. Joe river this afternoon near the Centlivre brewery.

Mrs. Walter S. Tooley and son, Master Roy, of Findlay, Ohio, are visiting Madam Wing, of 28 Chicago street.

The Hon. John T. Rodabaugh is in the city. He was called home from the Indiana legislature to attend to legal business.

Miss Ella George, of Bourbon, Ind., is in the city. She stopped off here a short time while en route home from Huntington.

Kekionga Council No. 93, of the National Union, will meet tonight in regular session at Harmony hall on West Berry street.

William Farr is under arrest on a charge preferred by Lulu Kellar, of this city. Farr was captured at Andrews by Constable Harrod.

The many friends of Johny Pauley, clerk of the Randall, will be pleased to learn that he is able to be out after a serious illness of several weeks.

Mrs. Tremain, matron of the Orphans' home in Huntington, accompanied Harry Swafford to this city yesterday. The lad had been admitted into the Feeble Minded Institute.

Rev. Xanders, chaplain of the Northern Indiana prison, who accompanied Henry Gardiner, the man pardoned by Governor Matthews, to this city yesterday, has returned to his home in Michigan City.

Mrs. F. W. King and daughter, Anna, Miss Clara Kenower and Mrs. Emmett Shanks and daughter, Mamie, all of Huntington, were visitors in the city yesterday. Miss Kenower will remain here a week or two.

Manager Homer Smith, of the Postal Telegraph Cable company, is today distributing neat calendars gotten up by the company. This is the first time any telegraph company has gotten out a calendar in this city.

Frank J. Gruber has found his pug dog. It was returned to him by a poor lady living in Bloomingdale, to whose home the dog had strayed. Frank paid the lady the $10 reward which he had offered for its return.

The Bluffton News says: "F. N. Kollock, of Fort Wayne, was in the city today extending invitations to several prominent Blufftonians to join the Wayne club of that city. The club has just completed and furnished a fine building at a cost of $38,000. It will be formally opened one week from Friday."

Last night Postmaster Higgins forwarded to the civil service commission the following names from which three will be selected as a board for examining applicants for position in the clerical force of the post office under the rules of the civil service commission: O. D. Adams, C. F. Kettler, T. W. Blair, William Slater and F. J. Drake.

Farmers complain of the ravages of rabbits on their fruit trees. The thin crust which has recently formed on the snow enables the little animals to run any place and, as the snow is so deep that it is difficult to reach the ground, they at once go to any shrubbery, especially to fruit trees. They are particularly fond of the bark of the apple tree and in some places have eaten it entirely off the tree as high as they could reach.

The Huntington Herald says: "At Tippus' hall last evening, the dancing school, conducted by Miss Mary Ferman, of Fort Wayne, was the scene of an informal reception. A number of ladies and gentlemen from Fort Wayne were in attendance. Alvah Lane with his violin and Miss Della Farnan rendered very acceptable music for the occasion. The following guests from Fort Wayne were present: Miss Kittie Kohler, Messrs. Frank Mohr, Burr Glenn, J. W. Wells, James Gould, August Muhler and Hugh Fisher.

The Hartford City Telegram says: "A meeting was held in the office rooms of the Hartford City Land company Monday afternoon to take the initiatory steps to the organization of a citizen's company for protection against the encroachment of foreign gas leasing octupi, who, while our citizens have been lethargic in the matter, have been "hogging" as much available territory as possible. The Fort Wayne company on the north and east, the Muncie capitalists on the south and the Chicago Pipe Line company at the western border, all constantly at work employing countless schemes to get the land from the loyal citizen—all this is quite enough to open the eyes of those who are interested in the future of Hartford City."

Miss Addie Price, of Lagrange, Ind., is in the city.

J. H. Belling, of Gloversville, N. Y., is at the Wayne.

J. Ellis and wife, of Waterloo, are guests of the Aldine.

A. F. Sterling, of Columbia City, is in the city at the Randall.

Frank C., son of Judge Joseph S. Dailey, of Bluffton, was in the city yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. R. Beverforden, of South Calhoun street, fell from a step ladder and was badly hurt.

Dr. Borden and E. P. Sands, president and treasurer of the Plymouth institute, of Warsaw, are in the city today.

There was a large attendance at the celebration of the anniversary requiem high mass for Mgr. Benoit at the Cathedral this morning.

Rev. Father Boeckleman, of Elkhart, Ind., came down yesterday to attend the funeral of the bishop. He was at one time stationed here.

A young son was born last evening to Mr. and Mrs. Schaffer, of this city. The proud father is the well known member of the City band.

## A DOCTOR'S ADVICE.

**Self-Inspection and Simple Means of Curing Its Mental Effects.**

Many persons who have many ailments of slight individual importance got a group of symptoms which are annoying and sometimes distressing. These are apt to come to those of melancholy temperament or anxiety in regard to health and general concern in one's self. This continued produces a habit of making one's feelings a mirror, but this mirror, it may be remarked, is about as accurate in its reflections as the pieces of glass in a dime museum which make a lean man fat or a fat man lean and in general distort every feature.

Headaches, pains over the stomach, backaches, feelings of fatigue, muscular soreness, depressed spirits and a multitude of other things appearing singly and amounting to little, tend to give one an impression that disease actually exists where there is nothing that is tangible.

This condition of ailment carries with it what is known as hypochondria—a mental affection which brings with it an introspection, says the New York World.

Those who have a habit of putting in the balance their little complaints against nature scarcely realize the risk they run. Thinking of one's self and speculating on the outcome of this little thing and that little thing in the way of something extraordinary often makes an invalid out of one who is really in good physical condition.

Hypochondria is a purely mental disease born of internal feelings but always outwardly expressed. Depression of spirits, a tendency to magnify little complaints and a searching after what does not exist, mark its course. It is diagnosed with ease and can be cured by proper attention to a few very simple details.

In your ordinary course of existence do not drug yourself; take plenty of exercise; avoid the mirror, except for the toilet; let your conversation not include yourself; occupy your mind with sensible reading matter or home work, and, in a nutshell, forget that you exist so far as your petty ailments are concerned.

It is only dwelling on trifles that makes a mental impression which develops with age and which has a well defined tendency to create and maintain a morbid state of the mind. The sufferer thinks that he has this complaint and believes his thoughts right in every sense.

Those inclined to be hypochondriacal are advised to keep away from dispensaries and medical institutions in general and to busy themselves with any thing which will take "one's mind away from one's self."

## FOR TYPE-WRITERS.

**Don'ts Adopted by Some of Them in Convention Assembled.**

The following rules were adopted at a meeting of young and pretty stenographers and type-writers, and are now published for the benefit of that necessary and ornamental order of office directors, and for the enlightenment of their employers:

Don't bleach your hair until you have secured a position.

Don't state your speed when applying as more than 200 words per minute unless you can write fifty.

Don't take more than two hours for lunch.

Don't get to the office later than 11 o'clock if the proper time is 9.

Don't worry if you can't read your notes—stenographers seldom can.

Don't ask for a day off more than five times per week.

Don't use the telephone more than six hours a day—give the firm a show.

Don't forget to write all your personal letters during office hours.

Don't buy any postage stamps—the office owes them to you.

Don't clean the type-writer—let the office boy or the boss do that.

Don't bother with the junior partner.

Don't fail to own the boss.

**Reserved for Herself.**

Mrs. Gossip—There, I've told you all, but it is a secret and you mustn't tell it to any one.

Mrs Tawker—Can't I mention it to Mrs Gadder next door?

Mrs. G.—Gracious no!

Mrs. T.—Why not?

Mrs. G.—Because I want to tell her myself.

**Butter Down Another 2c Lb.**

Fresh Country Roll Butter, 22c lb.

City Mills and Offs, best Flour, $3.70 Bbl., either in Barrels or Sacks, at this price.

No. 1 Country Mills Flour, $3.50 Bbl.

New Buckwheat Flour, 12 lb Sack, 35c.

Self-Rising Buckwheat, 18c Sack.

Best Vermont Maple Syrup, 80 Gal.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Toilet goods at Nierman's Pharmacy

**Save $3.00 on a Dozen.**

Leave your order at 25 East Columbia street for shirts made to order. Sole agency for D. Monahan's celebrated fitting shirts. 27-2

**M. Frank & Co., proprietors Bee Hive, anticipating a large demand for every shade of kid gloves and fans for the opening of the Wayne club, display a large assortment in the leading styles. Inspection invited.**

Don't charge D. Monahan with any misfit in shirts unless you leave your order with him at 25 East Columbia street. 27-2

The second winter term of the Conservatory of Music begins on next Monday, January 30, 1893. 27-2t

# WONDERFUL POWER.

## Stories of the Skill of a Famous Specialist.

**His Quick Comprehension of a Patient's Condition as Marvelous as His Remarkable Cures.**

(From the Philadelphia Times.)

Apparently the most needed inventions and what we seem to be approaching from many recent scientific discoveries is instantaneous and safe travel and instantaneous and permanent cure of disease.

Forty or sixty miles an hour will not longer satisfy the ambition of this age, "Drop a nickel in the slot and you are there 1 000 miles away," is the method of travel Americans are now looking for. Quick cures, permanent cures, cures of the case supposed incurable diseases are what the sick of the country are demanding at the gates of Science and at the hands of the great specialists and healers of this age.

More progress has been made in medicine the past twenty-five years than in the four hundred years preceding. And the profession which has always been one of experiments seems destined to soon become one of science, capable of coping with any disease and from which all mistakes will be eliminated. The greatest improvement, the most important discoveries have always been made by specialists.

Among the noted specialists of this country there is one who in his peculiar specialties seems to excel in the most wonderful way. He seems to be the master of diseases and the long considered incurable diseases seem to be toys in his hands. The Eastern and Northern press have abounded with his miraculous cures for years. The wealthy from all parts of the world have sought and found help at his hands. The greatest journals of this country and Europe are constantly recording his cures which read like fairy tales and would vie with ancient miracles. Thousands seek his aid every year from all parts of the earth. They come to him sick and go away well, they come lame and go away cured. He has built costly institutions and large sanitariums, in fact seems to do in the perfecting of his practice whatever his heart inclines to. We refer to Dr. R. C. Flower, of Boston, Mass., though the reader by this time will surmise of whom we speak.

The late Prof. R. F. Huminston, who for years was professor in the Cleveland Medical College, said, in an article to the Chicago Times, "I have investigated Dr. R. C Flower's practice for months and unhesitatingly say that if there are such things as miracles now-a-days he is performing them. I have seen him cure the lame, paralyzed and helpless who have been for years on their crutches in an incredulous short time. I have seen the most advanced and abandoned cases of cancer and tumor brought to him and immediately relieved and speedily cured. I have seen him go into the death chamber where all was darkness, tears and sobs, and in a few moments change the glassy eye, the icy lip and limbs into health, smile and warmth. He possesses the intuitional ability of telling diseases without being told anything. I have seen him make hundreds of examinations without making a mistake, yet he never asked the patient a question. I have not been able to ascertain how he makes these cures. He says there is nothing miraculous in them, but does not explain the modus operandi. In his presence the worst chronic diseases seem to take new leases of life and the most complicated diseases seem to be toys in his hands." But leaving out the east and north, the home of this great specialist, we have extensively investigated Dr. Flower's work in the south. Such enthusiastic patients have never been seen, in fact the doctor's patients almost worship him. Here is what some of them say:

A. F. Longley, corner Massachusetts avenue and First street, S. E. Washington, D. C., said: "We all love Dr. R. C Flower. He cured my wife several years years ago in the most marvellous way of Fibroid Tumor, when given up to die. We had made every effort, but no doctor had ever been able to help her. The disease seemed a plaything in his hands. He cured her speedily." Mr. Longley is a prominent Washington citizen and superintendent of the government seed department.

Mrs. Carrie H. Marshall, No 107 6th street, Washington, D. C, said: "I owe my life to Dr. R. C. Flower, and also my health to him. My troubles were nervous prostration with liver, stomach and head troubles. He has cured me when numerous physicians failed to help me," said this bright-eyed woman, with emphasis. "I am so well and we are all so happy."

Mrs. W. F. Post, Granite, Va., said: "Dr. R. C. Flower, of Boston, as good as raised me from the grave. This everybody declares who knows anything about my case. I had been treated and given up to die by the best physicians of this state. I had a cancerous trouble, could not retain food on my stomach, had wasted away and was waiting the end. I had frequent and most violent spasms of stomach and bowels. My sufferings were unbearable. I began to improve immediately after commencing with Dr. Flower's treatment and improved speedily and rapidly. I am a well woman today, well and sound." The husband, who was present, added that all his wife had said was true and that he knew several others whom Dr. Flower had cured in the same manner.

Stephen H. Furnace, No. 24 Meadow Bridge road, Richmond, Va., said: "Dr. R. C. Flower, of Boston, has cured me of a terrible case of paralysis and rheumatism. My lower limbs were helpless and my right arm nearly so. By the assistance of friends I was taken to see him on crutches. I was very feeble, could scarcely move. I had been given up by the best physicians in this country as incurable and was expecting to die. As soon as Dr. Flower saw me he told me how my troubles came upon me and what diseases I had had in past life without asking me a question, better than I could have told him. I began to improve immediately under his treatment and in a few months was cured. I am enjoying excellent health today."

John L. Bolts, No. 308 South Laurel street, Richmond, Va., said that he had consumption, a result of the Grippe and frequent colds. That one lung had an abscess in it. The doctors performed an operation and that he grew rapidly worse under it. He had wasted to a skeleton and was confined to his bed. Besides he was suffering from violent spasms which frequently made him unconscious. That he was given up as incurable and was waiting his death, when, as a last resort, his family took him to see Dr. R. C. Flower upon his visit to Richmond last spring. At that time he could not walk alone. That under the doctor's treatment he began to improve immediately. He soon stood erect, something he had not done for a long time. That he had gained in flesh and strength and great vigor. The spasms had stopped and that his friends did not know him when they saw him now. A grateful father indorsed all his son had said and stated: "Had it not been for Dr. Flower my boy would have been dead." "He is not like other doctors," continued the father, "his cures are almost like miracles."

H. C. Lancaster, of Enterprise, S. C., said: "My cure is considered one of the most wonderful ever made. When I first visited Dr. R. C. Flower I was a physical and mental wreck. Had been given up as incurable and I went to him as the very last resort.

"What was my condition? Why! sir, I didn't have any condition. I was perfectly helpless with muscular rheumatism and nervous prostration. I was confined to my bed, could not dress myself and every thing I ate caused me great suffering. I suffered greatly with my head, had nearly lost my sight and could not bear the light, nor under any circumstances read.

"Well, Dr. Flower has cured me. I can read without glasses and without hurting my eyes. Rheumatism all gone.

"Nerves? I don't know that I have any.

"Can eat anything I fancy without hurting me. Have gained thirty pounds and feel happy and well. When I was taken to see the doctor he told me my troubles, how they came upon me without asking me a question. He is a marvel of brains and skill to all who know him."

P. V. McBride, 75 State street, Charleston, S. C., said: "My trouble was paralysis of spine and limbs and nervous prostration. I was physically and mentally a ruined man. I had been doctored by several prominent physicians who had given my case up and pronounced me incurable." As a last and desperate resort I went to see Dr. R. C. Flower, of Boston, who told me all about my troubles, how they came upon me, without a word from me. I put myself under his care, began to improve immediately and today my general health is perfect. My spine is strong as ever and my limbs so improved that with little aid I can walk for hours. I manage a large business and attend to it all day long without fatigue.

"I tell you he is the most wonderful man in his profession in this world.

"He has no equal as a physician.

"He is a pleasing and fascinating gentleman and a man of great brains and ability. His mental treatments have done me great good as well as the medicines.

Mrs. C. H. Meyer, 502 Broad street, Agusta, Ga., said, "I had been confined to the house, most of the time to my bed for a year past with what the doctors called nervous prostration and heart trouble. I could not walk across the room without exhaustion and suffocation. My health and life had been despaired of. I could do nothing and doctors could do nothing for me. In this terrible condition I went to see Dr. R. C. Flower. Without my saying a word he described most perfectly my every trouble. I put myself under his care and in a few months was entirely cured. I can now walk a mile without any trouble and enjoy the best of health." "My husband," continued Mrs. Meyer, "was treated by the doctor at the same time and cured. He had been for years wasting away, nervous, weak and incapacitated for business. Suffering all the time from nervous dyspepsia. My husband improved rapidly under his treatment. He can now eat anything. Has gained immensely in health and strength and without difficulty is managing his large and extensive business, enjoying in a high degree most excellent health."

Mrs J. D. Clarke, Jonesboro, Ga., stated that when she went to see Dr. R. C. Flower, after trying numerous physicians and having been in institutions for months at a time without any relief; that she was suffering most terribly from spinal trouble, having a double curvature of the spine. The spine was in the shape of the letter "S." "My head was drawn to one side besides a large lump on the right side of the spine. I had given up all hopes of ever being any better. For seven years before consulting Dr. R. C. Flower I had worn a very heavy brace never going for a day without it. Shortly after he began my treatment the lump on the right side of the spine disappeared. I laid the brace off and have never had any use for it since. I had never known what it was to feel well since I was sixteen years of age. Today I am well, happy and strong. I go anywhere and everywhere I wish without any difficulty now and am as straight as an arrow. I was also troubled severely with rheumatism. I have no symptoms of anything of the kind now. I never felt as well in my life as I feel today. I am one of the happiest women and all my family are happy."

No family in Georgia are better known than this woman's people. Prominent in various offices and official positions, her cousin being ex Governor Ligon, of Montgomery, Ala.

Miss Susan A. Mitchell, 135 Spring street, Atlanta, Ga., said she went to see Dr. R. C. Flower after being an invalid for eighteen years with nervous prostration and blindness. "At least, when I went to see him," she stated, "I could just distinguish day and night, and was a perfect wreck. Doctors had pronounced my trouble paralysis of the optic nerve. I have now been under Dr. Flower's treatment a few months and my general health is excellent, am strong and hardly conscious that I have nerves. My sight is improving so rapidly that as I sit talking I can see you so plainly that I can distinguish every feature. I know I shall soon read without difficulty. His power of mental healing is wonderful, and in my opinion more wonderful than the medicinal treatment."

Mrs. Ara Treadwell, No. 135 McAfee street, Atlanta, Ga., said, "When I went to see Dr. R. C. Flower I was using two crutches. I had rheumatism badly and one of my hips was dislocated. It was with difficulty I could walk even with crutches. After a little while under his treatment I laid aside my crutches and took a cane.

"Now I can walk a mile, and my general health is perfect

"Up to the time I began using his medicines I had not walked for a year. He is a most wonderful man. His diagnosis of the case is marvelous. He tells you your trouble without asking you a question."

H. L. Hill, Montezuma, Ga., was seen. "I had been paralyzed," said Mr. Hill, "for three years when I first read of Dr. R. C. Flower and his peculiar cures. I went to see him in April last. I began to improve immediately after I commenced his treatment.

"My condition when I visited him was this. My limbs were apparently dead and the muscles were wasting away. I had but little use of them and but little use of the lower organs of my body. I have gained in flesh, and muscles have hardened and strengthened. I can today walk all over the house without help. My general health was never better than it is now, while, when I first visited him, it was very bad. I could eat but few things then. I can eat anything I wish now without discomfort and it does not hurt me. None of us can say enough in praise of Dr. Flower as a man and physician," continued Mr. Hill, as he walked with me to the door.

The above statements are from prominent disinterested men and women, many of whom represent large business interests, leading families and the best blood and chivalry of the south. Men and women who would not tell what was not true for either health or life, and consequently establish beyond doubt the following facts, if human testimony is to be relied upon.

First, that Dr. R. C. Flower, by his keen intuitional perception can most accurately diagnose the diseases of anyone without being told.

Second, that his cures are more like miracles than ordinary cures and that his skill is so phenomenal as to entitle him to the credit given him for years at his home.

Third, that, because others have failed, it is no sign that this Boston specialist cannot cure a desperate case

His specialties seem to be cancer, consumption, tumor, paralysis, rheumatism, heart and stomach troubles. As one of his patients said: "He handles these diseases as I would a plaything."

Those who would know more about his treatment of diseases, both medically and mentally, of his ideas and theories of health, life, happiness, should send five 2c. stamps to the R. C. Flower Medical Co., 559 Columbus avenue, Boston, Mass., for a book recently published, entitled "The Science of Health and the Problem of Life." This work also contains four or five of Dr. Flower's able and interesting lectures and Table Talks on Physical Degeneracy, Proper Generation, Self Government, Immortality of the Human Life, Evils of the Bar room and other subjects.

For want of space we have only published the statement of a few of many of the patients cured by Dr. R. C. Flower, but have endeavored to select someone from the different centres of the south, as far as we have investigated. As a result of our efforts we are convinced that Dr. R. C. Flower, as a healer, bears a charmed life and brings with him to the sick bed the magic wand of health and life.

We want to be "in it" on shirt waists for a little while, and are selling all of the 50c quality for 20c and the 25c quality for 10c, at the great closing out sale of the Original Pete stock.

SAM, PETE & MAX.

**M. Frank & Co. of the Bee Hive in connection with their cost sale offer a line of 22 inch India Silks at 50c a yard worth fully $1.00. Do not fail to call.**

Sam, Pete & Max never advertise a bargain unless they have one to offer. Attend the Slaughter Sale of the Original Pete stock, and you'll make money.

Fresh Strawberries.
New Cucumbers.
New Tomatoes.
Choice Celery.
California Cabbage.
Fancy Pineapples.
California Navel Seedless Oranges.
Florida Red Tangarines.
California Pears, fine eating
Malaga Grapes.
Sweet Florida Oranges.
N. Y. State N. Spies and Greening Apples, the best in the market.
Fancy Fard Dates.
New Turkish Figs, very fine.
At
CALIFORNIA FRUIT HOUSE,
228 Calhoun street. 27-2t

Overcoats given away until Saturday night. Prices pulverized and cash or souvenir coins given away with every purchase at

26-2t THE C. O. D.

**25 East Columbia Street.**

Shirts made to order by D. Monahan. No branch office in the city. Leave orders with him. 27-2

Join the crowds that are attending the great Slaughter Sale of the Original Pete stock.

**To the Public.**

On February 1st I will organize another class in the study of the German Language at the Y. M. C. A. building. Those desiring to take up this study will find it to their interest to communicate with me, either by mail at No. 20 Wall street, or meet me on Tuesday and Thursday evenings at the Y. M. C. A. at 7:15 p. m. Respectfully,

13-tf PAUL T. HOFFE.

**We will give choice of several hundred Children's suits at 75c, $1, $1.50 and up, worth double.**

26-2t THE C. O. D.

Attend the auction sale of Ladies Fine Cloaks. Commencing today.

STAFFORD & STONER,
26-3t Auctioneers.

Cigars at Nierman's Pharmacy.

**A. O. U. W. Notice.**

All members of Fort Wayne lodge No. 19, A. O. U. W., are hereby notified that hereafter all members of this lodge are requested to pay their assessments and dues at the lodge room. The financier will not accept the assessments and dues at any other place than the lodge room.

J. W. YOUKER,
H. H. BARCUS, Master Workman.
Financier. 27-3t

We, too, shall take a little hand in the paralyzing of prices in the clothing business. See us before parting with your money.

26-2t THE C. O. D.

Stop thief! Clothes lines not in it. Underwear half for nothing this week at THE C. O. D.

Perfumes at Nierman's Pharmacy.

**Use Bloomingdale Mill's White Loaf and Silver Wedding flour. They are the best. Every sack guaranteed. Sold by all grocers.**

Physician's prescriptions accurately prepared. Nierman's Pharmacy.

Shirt waists this week for less than the cost of the material at

26-2t THE C. O. D.

# Mergentheim's Bazaar.

**Corner Main and Calhoun Streets.**

# Inventory Sale!

PRICES CUT DOWN.

All Winter Goods go in This Sale.

Immense Reductions all along the line.

Cloaks and Jackets
AT COST!

All Stripped, Plaid and Fancy Dress Goods
AT COST!

Winter Underwear for Ladies, Gents and Children
AT COST!

Fascinators, Hoods, Mittens, Gloves and all Knit Goods
AT COST!

Big Reductions in Prices of Yarns and Zephyrs.

Blankets and Comfortables
AT COST!

# Mergentheim's Bazaar.

DR. R. J. McOSCAR.

Office and Residence Removed
To 20 West Jefferson Street.

Hours: 7 to 8 a. m. / 1 to 3 p. m. / 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone No. 236.

# New Veilings!

In correct styles and shades, consisting of Malines, Tuxedo, Illusion, Brussels Net, Sewing Silk, Parasine, Grenadines in two tones, Bereges, Etc., Etc, Etc, In Black, Tans, Browns, Slates and the popular Green, Eminence or Helitrope.

We are also showing everything in Gloves, Ribbons and Laces suitable for the season.

Silk and Lawn Ties, Fichus, Real Austrian Hand Made Ice Wool Shawls and Fascinators, at Very Low Prices.

# Stewart & Hahn,

--THE--

# BOSTON STORE.

No 28 Calhoun Street.
Fort Wayne, Ind.

# E. J. GOLDEN.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS. TRUNKS!

Large Trunks, Small Trunks, High Trunks, Low Trunks, Square Trunks, Round Trunks, Trunks of every description and style, and prices low enough to suit the most careful buyer.

# ALSO

Valises of all kinds, Clubs, Queen Cabinets Telescopes, Hand Satchels, Etc.

Shawls & Trunk Straps

You can furnish yourself with a complete traveling outfit to the "World's Fair," at

# E. J. GOLDEN'S,

56 Calhoun Street.

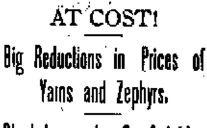
**WAH KEE & CO.,**

Importers of
Fine Teas, China and Japan Goods.
Fine Laundry Work.
No. 8 West Wayne Street,
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

# WANTED.

Every lady who reads this paper to call and examine the High Arm No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson. Absolutely the most perfect sewing machine on earth, and sold on easy terms. Trial Free to All. Try a No. 9 before you buy or trade.

MARION BLACK,
150 Calhoun Street.



# No. 25 W. Main St.,

At STRINGER'S,

—THE—

# Spot Cash Grocery.

| | |
|---|---|
| "Pillsbury's Best" Flour | ¼, $1.40; four, $5.25 |
| "Pillsbury's Best" Flour | ⅛, .75; eight, 5.35 |
| "Washburn's Best" Flour | ¼, 1.35; four, 5.00 |
| "Washburn's Best" Flour | ⅛, .70; eight, 5.10 |
| 'Stringer's Spot Cash" Flour | ¼, 1.35; four, 5.00 |
| "Stringer's Satin Ribbon" Flour | ¼, 1.35; four, 5.00 |
| "Stringer's Gold Dust" Flour | ¼, 1.35; four, 5.00 |

These Brands of Flour are made at the Largest Mills in the world, hence by those able to Compete with Any Made Brand Elsewhere. They are made from Dakota and Minnesota Spring Wheat; conceded to be the best grown on earth.

We buy these goods Direct from the "Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills Co.," who control not only the American Markets, but the European Markets as well.

☞ We buy by the Carload, 150 barrels; and for Spot Cash, hence are in a position to meet any prices in this market.

"THE SPOT CASH GROCERY."